Серия **"Готовимся к Олимпиаде"** 





# АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК

5-8 классы



Уфа - 2017

Олимпиада школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина проводится в Республике Башкортостан с 2011-2012 учебного года при поддержке Государственной корпорации «Роскосмос», ФГБУ «Центр подготовки космонавтов имени Ю.А. Гагарина», Федерации космонавтики России, ведущих вузов РБ и РФ, предприятий оборонно-промышленного комплекса и машиностроения, государственных органов законодательной и исполнительной власти Республики Башкортостан.

На сегодняшний день Гагаринская олимпиада стала самой популярной среди всех олимпиад и конкурсов, проводимых в республике. Количество её участников увеличилось от 7 500 обучающихся в 2011-2012 учебном году до 120 000 обучающихся в 2016-2017 учебном году. В проекте приняли участие школьники из 788 образовательных организаций в 40 муниципальных районах и городских округах Республики Башкортостан.

Олимпиада проводится для обучающихся 1-8 классов образовательных организаций по следующим дисциплинам: математика, физика, информатика, русский язык, литература, окружающий мир, биология, история, обществознание, география, иностранные языки, физическая культура и музыка.

В данном сборнике представлены **олимпиадные задания по английскому языку для 5-8 классов**, предлагавшиеся участникам на школьном (ШЭ), муниципальном (МЭ) и республиканском (РЭ) этапах Олимпиады в 2015-2016 и 2016-2017 учебных годах, а также ответы к ним.

Перед каждым комплектом заданий представлена статистика их выполнения со средними баллами, полученными участниками, а также максимально возможное количество баллов за задание (номера заданий показаны в ячейках верхней строки таблицы, баллы – в нижней строке таблицы).

Задания на аудирование отмечены символом 💬, материалы для их выполнения можно прослушать, перейдя по ссылкам, приведенным в тексте задания.



# ОГЛАВЛЕНИЕ

5 класс	4
ЗАДАНИЯ ШКОЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА	
• 2015-2016 учебный год	4
● 2016-2017 учебный год	6
ЗАДАНИЯ МУНИЦИПАЛЬНОГО ЭТАПААНТОВ В ТОВ В Т	9
• 2015-2016 учебный год	9
• 2016-2017 учебный год	
ЗАДАНИЯ РЕСПУБЛИКАНСКОГО ЭТАПА	14
• 2015-2016 учебный год	14
• 2016-2017 учебный год	18
6 класс	21
ЗАДАНИЯ ШКОЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА	22
• 2015-2016 учебный год	22
• 2016-2017 учебный год	24
ЗАДАНИЯ МУНИЦИПАЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА	
• 2015-2016 учебный год	
• 2016-2017 учебный год	
ЗАДАНИЯ РЕСПУБЛИКАНСКОГО ЭТАПА	
• 2015-2016 учебный год	
● 2016-2017 учебный год	
7 класс	
ЗАДАНИЯ ШКОЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА	
• 2015-2016 учебный год	
• 2016-2017 учебный год	
ЗАДАНИЯ МУНИЦИПАЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА	
• 2015-2016 учебный год	
• 2016-2017 учебный год	
ЗАДАНИЯ РЕСПУБЛИКАНСКОГО ЭТАПА	
• 2015-2016 учебный год	
• 2016-2017 учебный год	
8 класс	
ЗАДАНИЯ ШКОЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА	
• 2015-2016 учебный год	
• 2016-2017 учебный год	
ЗАДАНИЯ МУНИЦИПАЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА	
• 2015-2016 учебный год	
<ul> <li>◆ 2016-2017 учебный год</li> </ul>	
ЗАДАНИЯ РЕСПУБЛИКАНСКОГО ЭТАПА	
2015-2016 учебный год     2014-2017 учебный год	
• 2016-2017 учебный год	8U

# 5 класс

#### ЗАДАНИЯ ШКОЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА (ШЭ)

• 2015-2016 учебный год											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
1.6 из 3	3.4 из 6	3.3 из 5	5.8 из 10	4.7 из 7	4 из 7	6 из 10	4.3 из 10				

# 1. Listen to the dialogue and choose ✓ the right answer. You will hear the text two times

	en will the two fri			4	English.	Audio. 5	-1.MP
	at 3.00	☐ at 3.30	☐ at 4.30				
2) Wh	o are talking?						
	two sisters	$\square$ two friends	$\square$ a mother and a daughte	er			
3) Kat	y won't go to disc	o because					
	she doesn't like la	aser shows	$\square$ she has other plans		she doesn'	t like the	boy

#### 2. Read the text. Circle (a, b or c), according the right variant of the answer

#### WHY PARROTS REPEAT WORDS

Long time ago all birds could talk like people. Most of all birds, people liked the talkative parrot, because this bird always told the truth. He lived with a dishonest cruel man.

One night the man stole his friend's cow. When the sun rose, the friend came to look for it, he asked the dishonest cruel man, "Did you steal my cow yesterday?" "No, I didn't," said the man. "Is that the truth? Let's ask the parrot." "Yes, he did. This dishonest cruel man stole the cow," answered the parrot.

When night came, the man had an idea. He put a great cup on the parrot's head. Then he poured a lot of water on the cup. In the morning, his friend and some other people came to his house again. "I know that this dishonest cruel man stole my cow. The parrot says that he did." "You are wrong! That parrot tells lies. He will not tell the truth even about what happened last night. Ask him if there was the moon in the sky yesterday." "No," said the parrot. "There was no moon, it was raining all night." "It is impossible! This bird tells lies! What shall we do?" the people said. "Fly away! You can't live with us!"

So the parrot flew away unhappily into the forest where he met a little bird and told her his story. "Why did you not repeat people's words?" asked the little bird. "People always think their words are clever. Say what they say, and they will think you are a polite bird." "Yes, I see," said the parrot, "from now on, I will only repeat their words."

1) People like the	parrot because it was
--------------------	-----------------------

a) honest

- b) talkative
- c) beautiful

- 2) The friend came to the dishonest cruel man ...
  - a) at night

- b) in the afternoon
- c) in the morning
- 3) The man asked the parrot if the cruel man stole the cow because he ...
  - a) always told the truth
- b) he could see it
- c) he told lies

#### Сборник заданий Республиканской олимпиады школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина 4) The cruel man poured water on the parrot's head to make him think that ... a) It rained b) it was night c) it was dark 5) The parrot took advice to repeat people's words from ... b) the little bird c) from the dishonest man a) people 6) The parrot decided to repeat people's words because he wanted to be ... a) clever b) polite c) wonderful **Choose the right variant. Circle the necessary word** (a, b or c) 1) Mike is very busy now, he ...... his composition. a) is going to write b) is writing c) writes 2) Where is Sally? I can't see ....... a) she b) he c) her 3) Have we got ...... cheese left? a) some b) many c) any 4) ....... an underground station near your school? a) Is there *b) Are there* c) Is it 5) Our classes start ........ 8.30 in the morning. a) on b) in c) at Fill in the blanks with the prepositions of time on, in or at if necessary 6) See you \_\_\_\_\_\_ 10<sup>th</sup> of January! 1) See you \_\_\_\_\_ September! 7) See you \_\_\_\_\_ a couple of weeks! 2) See you \_\_\_\_\_ Saturday! 3) See you \_\_\_\_\_ five o'clock! 8) See you \_\_\_\_\_ the year 2016! 4) See you \_\_\_\_\_ the evening! 9) See you \_\_\_\_\_ next week! 5) See you \_\_\_\_\_ Friday afternoon! 10) See you \_\_\_\_\_ night. Put the adverbs of frequency in their proper place 1) I read in bed (never). 5) We are late for school (sometimes). 2) They are busy (always). 6) Is he so nervous (always)? 3) He helps his mum with the shopping (often). 7) I have classes in the evening (*never*). 4) Do you watch TV (often)? 6. Make up word combinations

1) listen	a) on a pair of jeans
2) play	b) hands
3) put	c) about summer holidays
4) shake	d) to classical music
5) speak	e) up
6) wash	f) around the world
7) travel	g) a musical instrument

#### 7. There is an odd word in each line, which one?

1)	hat	jeans	T-shirt	socks	dress
2)	leg	tail	wing	arm	beak
3)	Asia	India	Europe	Africa	America
4)	summer	winter	equator	autumn	spring
5)	airport	luggage	station	shop	bus stop
6)	sun	pole	earth	moon	star
7)	prettiest	tallest	better	worst	shortest
8)	doctor	tailor	vicar	dentist	tractor
9)	most	south	east	north	west
10)	pink	purple	orange	yellow	narrow

#### 8. Imagine you have got an intergalactic address. Write it down. (Use 10-15 words)

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- 1. 1) at 4.30 2) two sisters 3) she has other plans
- **2.** 1) b 2) c 3) a 4) a 5) b 6) b
- **3.** 1) b 2) c 3) c 4) a 5) c
- **4.** 1) in 2) on 3) at 4) in 5) on 6) on 7) in 8) in 9) 10) at
- 5. 1) I never read in bed. 5) We are sometimes late for school.
  - 2) They are always busy.
    - 3) He often helps his mum with the shopping. 6) Is he always so nervous?
    - 4) Do you often watch TV? 7) I never have classes in the evening.
- **6.** 1-d 2-g 3-a 4-b 5-c 6-e 7-f
- 7. 1) hat 3) India 5) shop 7) better 9) most 2) arm 4) equator 6) pole 8) tractor 10) narrow

<ul> <li>• 2016-2017 учебный год</li> </ul>										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
3.7 из 4	3.5 из 4	0.5 из 1	25.8 из 29	3.5 из 4	2.4 из 4	0.7 из 1	3.6 из 4	4.6 из 10		

# 1. Listen to four people. Match each person (1-4) with the right description (A-D)

- 1) Patrick A) This person can play the guitar.
  - This person can play the guitar.

    English 5-1 audio 1.mp3

(Sometimes we are late for school)

- 2) Sharon B) This person can use a computer.
- 3) Mary C) This person likes to watch tennis on TV.
- 4) Carl D) This person doesn't like pop music.

	Сборник заданий Рес	публиканской олимпиады школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина
2.	Listen to four pupschool subjects (A-D)	pils talking about school. Match what each pupil (1-4) says about school and
	1) Speaker 1	A) This person likes Music best of all. English 5-1 audio 2.mp3
	2) Speaker 2	B) This person's friend is good at Art.
	3) Speaker 3	C) This person finds it difficult to write in English.
	4) Speaker 4	D) This person likes to spend time with his friends.
3.	Read the text and cho	ose 🗹 the right title to it

A)  $\square$  THE CAT FAMILY B)  $\square$  A DAY OF A LION C)  $\square$  KING OF ANIMALS

People often say that the lion is the symbol of strength. We say "strong as a lion", or "lion-hearted". Lions are members of the cat family. As a rule, a lion is about nine feet long and its weight is about 400 or 500 pounds. The lion's voice is a roar or a growl. Unlike other cats, it can swim in deep water. Lions like to live in the open area and they don't like to live in forests. They drink once a day, that's why they always live near some water. Lions may live alone or in pairs, or in groups which are known as "prides". Lions hunt at night and have a rest during the day.

4. Read the words and divide them according to the categories

F00D	
HOUSE	
SPORTS	
SCH00L	
ANIMALS	
CLOTHES	

pupil, sweater, gymnastics, kitchen, hat, hamster, pen, shoes, potato, ping-pong, butter, dress, book, golf, mouse, tennis, dog, parrot, banana, cat, football, apple, jeans, socks, duck, door, monkey, lion, TV-set

5. You can use the indefinite article "a" with the following nouns, but only in case you should use "an". Find this word

	<b></b>									
	1)	A) $\square$ crocodile	B) □ elephant	C) □ picture	D) □ holiday					
	2)	A) □ carrot	B) $\square$ cucumber	C) □ pear	D) $\square$ apple					
	3)	A) □ toy	B) □ lorry	C) □ car	D) 🗆 airplane	<del>)</del>				
	4)	A) $\square$ pen	B) $\square$ notebook	C) □ atlas	D) $\square$ book					
6.	Use the adjectives given in brackets in the right form (Superlative degree)									
	A) The		snake in the world is 10 centimetres.							

	Сборник	задані	ий Респ	убликанско	й олим	пиады с	<b>ШКОЛЬ</b> Н	ников н	на Кубок и	мени Ю.А	4. Гагарина
				e can be +56,	-	in the wo	orld is ir	n Califoi	rnia		(HOT)
			etres hig	h.	tower	in the w	orld is E	Burj Kha	alifa		(HIGH)
	D) The where	the ten	nperatur	e can be –89	place ,2 ° C.	in the wo	orld is ir	n Antaro	ctic		(COLD)
<b>7</b> .	Find the	right tr	anslatio	on for the fo	llowing	English:	senten	ce			
			ı	My mother'	s hair is	s as long	g as m	y siste	er's hair.		
		A) 🗆 /	Мои вол	осы длиннее	, чем во	лосы мо	ей мам	Ы.			
		B) 🗆 <i>B</i>	Волосы і	моей сестрь	ы длинне	ее, чем в	олосы і	моей м	амы.		
		C) 🗆 <i>E</i>	Волосы і	моей мамы д	Элиннее,	чем вол	осы мо	ей сесі	тры.		
		D) 🗆 <i>E</i>	Волосы .	моей мамы г	такие ж	се длинн	<i>ые, кан</i>	к волос	ы моей сес	тры.	
8.	All the w	vords ha	ave one	missing wo	rd, wha	t is it?					
		1)el	low, …οι	ıng,ard,e	esA) 🗆 '	Y E	B) 🗆 0		C) □ <i>W</i>	D) □ <i>(</i>	J
		2)ov	vn,uk	e,uck,or	n't	A) □ <i>R</i>	I	B) □ <i>B</i>	C) □	] <b>D</b>	D) □ <i>K</i>
		3)igi	ht,ed,	ound,ise		A) □ <i>C</i>	1	B) □ <i>K</i>	C) □	] <b>S</b>	D) □ <i>R</i>
		4)er	n,encil	,ine,et		A) □ <i>G</i>	I	B) 🗆 <i>P</i>	C) □	] <i>L</i>	D) $\square$ $V$
9.				toy which yo w it will help				-	ı on a spac	e missior	1.
ОТЕ	ВЕТЫ:										
1.	1D, 2A, 3	B, 4C									
2.	1B, 2C, 3	A, 4D									
3.	C) KING (	OF ANIM	1ALS (1 6	балл)							
4.	FOOD: HOUSE: SPORTS: SCHOOL: ANIMALS CLOTHES	S:	kitchen gymnas pupil, p hamste	butter, banar, door, TV-se stics, football en, book er, mouse, do r, hat, dress,	t , ping-po g, parrot	ong, golf, t, cat, duc	ck, mon	key, lio	n		
<b>5</b> .	1) B 2)	D 3)	D 4) C								
6.	A) shorte	est B)	hottest	C) highest	D) colo	dest					
<b>7</b> .	D										
8.	1) A 2)	C 3) I	D 4) B								

# ЗАДАНИЯ МУНИЦИПАЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА (МЭ)

● 2015-2016 учебный год										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
2.2 из 5	1.7 из 3	6.7 из 18	2.7 из 8	6 из 10	1.9 из 6	6.3 из 10	4.4 из 7	3.1 из 10		

1. Listen to Gemma and her husband Harry talking about pictures for their house. Which picture will they put in each room? For questions 1-5 write a letter A-H to each room. You will hear the conversation twice

<u>Example:</u>		48 - "
0) Living room →	В	English. Audio. 5-2.mp3
ROOMS		PICTURES
1) Bathroom →		A. Beach B. Cathedral
2) Bedroom →		C. Gemma's parents
3) Kitchen →		D. Harry's village E. Horses
4) Hall →		F. Mountains
5) Dining room →		G. Racing cars H. River

2. Read the text and write down whether the following after the text statements are true or false

It was a very hot day in the middle of summer, and there were no trees along the street. Mr. Brown closed his shop at half past five, went out into the street and began walking to his bus. He was very fat. The sun shone straight down the street, and in a few minutes Mr. Brown was very hot.

A small boy came out of another shop in the street and followed Mr. Brown. He stayed very near him all the time, and he kicked the heels of Mr. Brown 's shoes several times. Mr. Brown looked at him angrily each time.

After a third time, Mr. Brown stopped, turned round and said to the small boy, "What are you doing? Stop following me like that! You are going to hurt my heels."

"Please don't stop me!" the small boy said. It's very hot today, and there isn't any shade anywhere in the street!"

Write down whether the following statements are true or false.

- 1) Mr. Brown closed his shop at five thirty.
- 2) It was a hot day.
- 3) A small boy started to follow him.

3.	<b>Open</b>	the	brackets.	Mind the	<b>Grammar</b>	rules!
----	-------------	-----	-----------	----------	----------------	--------

•				
the c 5) Pleas and J and 11) 13) 15) 16) "All right	(be) ten, and his sountry. One day they be country. One day they country. The children set and their parents country. The children set and their parents country. The children set and country. Come country in the peop country. But then a country country. But then a country country.	(see) a pict nere 6) nother 7) (go) to the cir the circus 10)_ (put) a (take) the ole, "Who`s goir funny man 17)	ure of a circus in th(be going) to be a ci(buy) tickets and circus. The tent 9)(begin). A cake in her mouth cake out of her mouth ong to do the same(stand) up and	ne newspaper and Jane ircus in town next week. on Saturday evening Pete(be) full of people, A beautiful young girlen, and then a big lion outh. A man in redcoat ee for £100?" Nobody
Kead	the sentences and fill in the gap	S 1-8 transformi	ng capitalized words	
1)	How do you spell your	name?		ITALY
2)	Sam and Mike like their History_	very	much.	TEACH
3)	Mike wrote thelet	ter to his friend Ja	ck in London.	THREE
4)	Natasha has got atoday.	_ dictionary in her s	school bag	SPAIN
5)	How many stamp	s have you got in y	our collection?	FRANCE
6)	Look! nice gloves my parents.	are a birthday pres	sent from	THIS
7)	We are proud of our new picture			COLLECT
8)	My grandmother told us that ther village when shea		n her	BE
Make	up word combinations			
	1) to climb	a) a	Christmas tree	
	2) to watch	b) tr	ees	
	3) to sing	c) gr	andparents	
	4) to build	d) ca	artoons	
	5) to decorate	e) a	snowman	
	6) to walk	f) in	the choir	
	7) to deliver	g) th	e dog	
	8) to visit	h) a	sandcastle	
	9) to make	i) pic	ctures	
	10) to paint	j) ne	wspaper	

4.

**5**.

VI I ILL III LIIC GUPS WILLI LIIC SUILUBLE WOLUS	6.	Fill in the	gaps with	the suitable	words
--	----	-------------	-----------	--------------	-------

		SMAI	LL	BA	ГНЅ	ANO	CIENT	WA	LL	TEN	MPLE N	MODERN
	conquered place. It r (3) of (4)	d Brita needed ; the st	in, they protec and dec Th treet le	found tion an dicated is inclu vel. The	the hod the Rit to the ded hote (6)	t spring omans ir goddo , warm	gs and built a ess Min and co	built a stone erva. S old bath part of	(1) (2) tep by s. Toda the co	step the ay the (t	set around ey constructo 5) s above the	. When the Romans tlement around the it. They also built a ed a whole complex Roman baths street. Visitors can
<b>7</b> .	Complete	the w	ord co	mbinat	ions us	ing one	e of the	words	: watc	h, have,	play, walk, i	brush, surf, go
	1) 2) 3) 4) 5)			_ lunch _ to bed _ a DVD	d )			7) 8) 9)			_ the dog _ your teeth _ homeworl _ the violin _ sports	
8.	Choose tl	ne cori	rect ans	swer 🗹	7							
	1) Jack	play h	ockey.						□ do	esn't	□ isn't	□ don't
	2) We don	i't usua	ılly go t	o colleg	je we	ekends			$\square$ on		$\square$ at	□ in
	3) Whose	CD is t	his?						□ Pe	ter	☐ Peters	☐ Peter's
	4) I have r	ny Eng	lish cla	sses	Monday	y and W	ednesd'	ay.	$\square$ in		$\square$ at	□ on
	5) People	be o	n time i	for wor	k.				□sh	ould	$\square$ have	$\square$ ought
	6) I think,	Beyon	ce sings	S					□ go	od	$\square$ bad	□ well
	7) Ann like	es clas	sical m	usic,	she doe	esn't lik	e rock.		□an	d	□ but	□ or
9.	Write dov	vn the	descri	ption o	f the ch	aracte	r featu	res of a	a real o	osmon	<b>aut.</b> Write a	bout 5-7 sentences.
	Continue	the fo	llowing	ı: A Red	al Cosm	onaut n	nust be	brave, .				
ОТІ	ВЕТЫ:											
1.	$1) \rightarrow A$		2) → F	1	3) → E		4) → [	)	5) → I	C		
2.	1) True		2) True	е	3) True	9						
3.	1) was 2) was 3) lived		4) saw 5) said 6) is g	d	7) bou 8) wer 9) was	nt	10) be 11) car 12) pu	me	13) ca 14) to 15) sh		16) answer 17) stood 18) said	red
4.	1) Italian 2) teacher	-	3) third 4) Spa		5) Frem 6) thes		7) colle 8) was					
<b>5</b> .	1b	2d	3f	4h	5a	6g	7j	8c	9e	10i		

	Сборни	к заданий	Республика	нской оли	мпиады шк	ольников і	на Кубок им	ени Ю.А. Га	гарина
6.	1) smal	l 2)	wall 3	3) temple	4) baths	5) ancie	ent 6) mo	dern	
<b>7</b> .	1) play	3)	go :	ō) surf	7) brush	9) play			
	2) have	4)	watch 6	ś) walk	8) have	10) play	/		
8.	1) doesr	n't 2) at ( <i>Ar</i>	merican vario	ant - on) 3	) Peter's 4)	on 5) sho	uld 6) well	7) but	
				• 2016-	2017 учеб	ный год			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2	.1 из 6	4.4 из 9	4.4 из 10	5.5 из 10	5.2 из 10	2.3 из 6	4.8 из 7	2.9 из 5	3.9 из 10
J	0.1 ИЗ 0	4.4 VI3 7	4.4 N3 TU	J.J N3 10	J.Z VI3 TU	2.3 ИЗ 0	4.0 N3 /	Z.7 VI3 J	J.7 VI3 TU
1.		•	speaking a	t a job infor	mation cent	re. For q	uestions 1-	-6 choose	the best
	answer	A, B or C					口	English 5-2	2 audio.mp3
	1) The	man has a jo A) □ cle		В) 🗆	receptionist		C) $\square$ waitres		
	2) The jo	ob is in							
		A) □ a h	notel	B) 🗆	a sports cen	tre	C) $\square$ an offic	е	
	3) You cannot do the job if you are you. A) $\square$ 18				nger than B) □ 19		C) □ 20		
	4) The job will begin on the A) $\square$ 23 <sup>rd</sup>			В) 🗆	B) □ 24 <sup>th</sup>		C) □ 26 <sup>th</sup>		
	5) <i>Most working days will begin at</i> A) □ 8.15 a.m.				8.30 a.m.		C) □ 9.00 a.m.		
	6) For w	•	<i>must wear</i> vhite shirt		a blue skirt		C) □ black trousers		
2.	Read th	e article ab	out dolphins	s. Choose th	ne best word	(A, B or C)	for each spa	ace	
					DOLPHINS				
and Soi and	People love dolphins because $^{1)}$ beautiful to watch and friendly. Dolphins are also $^{2)}$ of the cleverest animals and are as just clever as dogs. $^{3)}$ is possible to teach them in the same way we teach monkeys and dogs. Some people $^{4)}$ believe that dolphins have a special way of $^{5)}$ to each other. $^{6)}$ many other sea animals and fish, dolphins are in danger. Many dolphins are caught $^{7)}$ mistake in fishing nets, but a $^{8)}$ greater problem is that thousands of dolphins $^{9)}$ dying because the sea is no longer clean enough.								
		1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9)	A. they A. anoth A. There A. quite A. talkin A. As A. with A. more A. were	g g	B. we B. one B. It B. yet B. talk B. For B. by B. much B. is		C. you C. all C. This C. even C. talked C. Like C. from C. most C. are		

3.	Circle the odd word	out				
	1) ☐ France 2) ☐ lawyer 3) ☐ grance 4) ☐ angry 5) ☐ usual 6) ☐ saw 7) ☐ sofa 8) ☐ chem 9) ☐ carref	er	otballer [ n [ tt [ en [ y [ mchair [ gallery [ ans [	☐ Polish ☐ cooker ☐ uncle ☐ tired ☐ sometimes ☐ got ☐ living room ☐ supermarket ☐ strawberries ☐ fast	☐ Spain ☐ teacher ☐ brother ☐ hot ☐ yesterday ☐ heard ☐ mirror ☐ park ☐ potatoes ☐ aggressiv	
4.	Write the next word	:				
	1) Thirty, forty, 2) Sunday, Mo 3) First, secon 4) Tenth, twen 5) Morning, aft	nday, d, tieth,	7 8 9	6) Second, minute 7) Spring, summe 8) Last week, this 9) November, Dec 10) Go, went,	r, week,	
<b>5</b> .	Complete the verbs:					
	1) <i>G</i>	married	6	S) T	photos	
	2) H	breakfast	7	7) T	off you mobi	le phone
	3) <i>G</i>	shopping	8	3) G	someone a p	present
	4) D	housework	9	9) P	the piano	
	5) <i>M</i>	noise	1	10) <i>W</i>	for a bus	
6.	Complete the senter	1) Marco is Italian. 2) The British often 3) My boyfriend's 4) How often do you 5) What time did you 6) There's a TV the	He is Venice talk the we . university. He u listen mus ou get this n	e. eather. e's studying Frenc sic?	ch.	
<b>7</b> .	Choose the right ans	swer. Be attentive				
	<ol> <li>Cut – knife</li> <li>In – out</li> <li>Come – go</li> <li>Tea – coffee</li> <li>Father – son</li> <li>Cup – saucer</li> <li>Dark – light</li> </ol>	write — up — here — apple — mother — knife — small —	□ plate □ dowr □ wher □ bread □ daug □ plate □ big	n □ to re □ there d □ egg hter □ sister	☐ pen ☐ on ☐ went ☐ milk ☐ niece ☐ spoon ☐ thin	□ paper     □ off     □ this     □ orange     □ aunt     □ glass     □ little

8.	Choose the o	luestion or resi	onse which fits	the situation	(only one a	answer)
----	--------------	------------------	-----------------	---------------	-------------	---------

1)	How are you?	
	☐ A) Very good, thank you.	☐ C) I am a student.
	☐ B) Thank you.	☐ D) Very well, thank you.
2)	Are you Bill Smith?	
	☐ A) That's right.	☐ C) Is right.
	☐ B) All right.	☐ D) Your right.
3)	☐ A) What's your name?	$\square$ C) How do they call you?
	☐ B) How's your name?	☐ D) What you're name?
4)	☐ A) What the time is?	☐ C) What hour have you got?
	☐ B) How is late?	☐ D) What time is it?
5)	It's seven nine.	
	☐ A) to	☐ C) minutes to
	☐ B) before	□ D) of

9. You have got only one spare place in you spaceship. Who will you take with you to a space trip to another planet? Why? Please write a small essay. Use about 8-10 sentences.

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- 1. 1) B 2) C 3) A 4) C 5) B 6) A
- 2. 1) A 2) B 3) B 4) C 5) A 6) C 7) B 8) B 9) C
- 3. 1) Polish 3) grandmother 5) yesterday 7) living room 9) strawberries 2) cooker 4) fast 6) buy 8) park 10) good
- 4. 1) fifty 3) third 5) evening 7) autumn (fall) 9) January 2) Tuesday 4) thirtieth 6) hour 8) next week 10) gone
- 5. 1) get 2) have 3) go 4) do 5) make 6) take 7) turn 8) give 9) play 10) wait
- 3. Triget 2/ flave 3/ go 4/ do 3/ filake 0/ take 7/ tufff 6/ give 7/ play 10/ wal
- **6.** 1) in 2) about 3) at 4) to 5) up 6) in
- 7. 1) C 2) A 3) B 4) D 5) A 6) B 7) A
- 8. 1) D 2) A 3) A 4) D 5) C

# ЗАДАНИЯ РЕСПУБЛИКАНСКОГО ЭТАПА (РЭ)

#### • 2015-2016 учебный год 5 7 1 2 3 4 6 9 8 3.1 из 5 2.8 из 4 11.6 из 18 9.5 из 12 5.7 из 9 3.5 из 8 4.6 из 8 5.4 из 8 4.5 из 10

# 1. Listen to Laura talking to a friend about places to go. What is the problem with each place?

For questions 1-5 write a letter A-H next to each place. You will hear the conversation twice.

PLACES:	PROBLEMS:
1) Restaurant	A) closed
2) Disco	B) cold
3) Swimming pool	C) dirty
4) Theatre	D) expensive
5) Sports field	E) full
	F) hot
	G) noisy
	H) wet

#### 2. Read the text and be able to do the task below

#### AESOP AND THE TRAVELLER

Aesop was a very clever man who lived many hundreds of years ago in Greece. He wrote many fine stories. He was well-known as a man who was fond of jokes. One day, as he was enjoying a walk, he met a traveller, who greeted him and said: "Kind man, can you tell me how soon I shall get to town?" "Go," Aesop answered. "I know I must go," protested the traveller, "but I should like you to tell me how soon I shall get to town?"

"Go," Aesop said angrily.

"This man must be mad," the traveller thought and went on.

After he had gone some distance, Aesop shouted after him: "You will get to town in two hours." The traveller turned round in surprise. "Why didn't you tell me that before?" he asked. "How could I have told that before?" answered Aesop. "I did not know how fast you could walk."

## Write down whether the following statements are true or false

- 1) Aesop was a clever man who lived in Italy.
- 2) He was fond of walking.
- 3) The traveller did not know how quickly he would get to town.
- 4) Aesop told him at once how soon he would get to town.

#### 3. Open the brackets and put the verb into the proper tense form

Peter 1)	_( <i>be</i> ) ten, and his sister	r Jane <sup>2)</sup>	( <i>be</i> ) eigl	ht. They $^{3)}$	( <i>li</i> \	ve) in
the country. One da	ay they <sup>4)</sup>	_(see) a pictu	ire of a circus	in the new	vspaper and	Jane
<sup>5)</sup> (say)	to her mother, "There	6)	_( <i>be going</i> ) to b	oe a circus ii	n town next v	veek.
Please take us there	e." The children's mothe	er <sup>7)</sup>	( <i>buy</i> ) tickets	and on Satu	ırday evening	Pete
and Jane and their p	parents <sup>8)</sup>	(go) to the circ	us. The tent $^{9)}$ _		<u>(be</u> ) full of pe	eople,
and after a quart	ter of an hour the	circus <sup>10)</sup>	(beg	gin). A bea	utiful young	girl
11)(com	ne) in. She <sup>12)</sup> ne) and <sup>14)</sup>	(put) a	cake in her	mouth, and	then a big	lion
13)(com	<i>ie</i> ) and <sup>14)</sup>	( <i>take</i> ) the (	cake out of he	er mouth. A	a man in red	dcoat
(show	<i>ut</i> ) to the people,	"Who's going	g to do the	same for	\$100?" No	body
16)(ans	<i>wer</i> ). But then a funny r	man <sup>17)</sup>	( <i>stand)</i> up	o and <sup>18)</sup>	(say	), "All
right but first take t	he lion away!"					

English. Audio. 5-3.mp3

#### 4. Insert the missing letter in the word

SATRDAY	EXERISE	HOLDAYS	QUSTION
HERT	SBJECT	SENTENE	SH00L
LANGAGE	FORIGN	EXPLN	WER

#### 5. Change the order of these words to form complete sentences

#### E.g. Great comes Britain My from friend. My friend comes from Great Britain

- 1) difficult the me for Maths is most subject.
- 2) on any there books the table Are exercise?
- 3) interesting History as Literature is as.
- 4) English sentences Can into Russian you translate from?
- 5) spend We outside did time not much.
- 6) in Pete do homework evening will his the.
- 7) lessons have They every five week usually.
- 8) English speak Do well you?
- 9) me your Tell holidays about.

#### 6. Put tag questions

#### E.g. We speak English, <u>don't we?</u>

1) Jack enjoys his holidays, ...

- 5) Mary can dance very well, ...
- 2) The children are swimming in the sea, ...
- 6) There is a computer on the table, ...

3) It is a letter to Tom, ...

- 7) We don't play football in winter, ...
- 4) Jane does her homework in the evening, ...
- 8) There are no students in the room, ...

## 7. Rewrite the sentences using the plural form of the nouns, pronouns and verbs

E.g. There is a beautiful square in this city. *There are beautiful squares in these cities* 

- 1) I am going to read an English book in summer.
- 2) That is an old gallery.
- 3) This is my friend's letter.
- 4) Has your friend been to a foreign country?
- 5) Is there a museum in this village?
- 6) There is a place of interest in Moscow.
- 7) My cat likes milk.
- 8) A farmer lives in his country house.

#### 8. Complete the table by making the words given below negative

un-	in-	im-
unfriendly		

Words: friendly, polite, happy, formal, usual, correct, possible, patient, active.

# 9. Please write a short essay (8-10 sentences)

Would you like to become a space tourist? Why? Why not?

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- **1.** 1) E 2) A 3) G 4) D 5) H
- 2. 1) False, 2) False, 3) True, 4) False
- 3. 13) came 1) was 7) bought 8) went 2) was 14) took 3) lived 9) was 15) shouted 4) saw 10) began 16) answered 5) said 11) came 17) stood 6) is going 12) put 18) said
- 4. SATURDAY EXERCISE HOLIDAYS QUESTION
  HEART SUBJECT SENTENCE SCHOOL
  LANGUAGE FOREIGN EXPLAIN WEAR
- 5. 1) Maths is the most difficult question for me.
  - 2) Are there any exercise books on the table?
  - 3) History is as interesting as Literature.
  - 4) Can you translate sentences from English into Russian?
  - 5) We did not spend much time outside.
  - 6) Pete will do his homework in the evening.
  - 7) They usually have five lessons every week.
  - 8) Do you speak English well?
  - 9) Tell me about your holidays.
- **6.** 1) ... doesn't he? 5) ... can't she? 2) ... aren't they? 6) ... isn't there?
  - 3) ... isn't it? 7) ... do we?
  - 4) ... does he? 8) ... aren't there?
- 7. 1) We are going to read English books in summers.
  - 2) Those are old galleries.
  - 3) These are my friends' letters.
  - 4) Have your friends been to foreign countries?
  - 5) Are there museums in these villages?
  - 6) There are places of interest in Moscow.
  - 7) My cats like milk.
  - 8) Farmers live in their country houses.
- 8. un- unhappy unusual incorrect inactive im- impolite impossible impatient

<ul> <li>2016-2017 учебный год</li> </ul>								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
4.4 из 9	4.7 из 8	3.3 из 5	5.1 из 9	3.5 из 6	2.3 из 5	7.1 из 10	5.8 из 10	

1. A) You will hear a man leaving a message. Listen and complete the questions (1-5) You will hear the information twice

English 5-3 audio (A).mp3

0	From:	Bike Shop	
0	Colour of bike:	1)	
0	Bike costs:	2)	pounds
0	Shop has also got:	3)	
0	Come tonight before:	4)	p.m.
0	Address to go to:	5)	King Street

B) You will hear a head teacher giving students some information about a fire practice. Listen and complete the questions (1-5). You will hear the information twice

FIRE PRACTICE

	di)	<b>English</b>	5-3	audio	(B)	).mj	03
--	-----	----------------	-----	-------	-----	------	----

0	Day:	Monday	
0	Starting time:	1)	a.m.
0	Don't take:	2)	or bags
0	Go out of building through:	3)	door
0	Outside, wait next to:	4)	=
0	Don't:	5) run or	

2. Read the article about Sean Murphy. Are sentences "Right" (A) or "Wrong" (B)? If there is not enough information, choose "Doesn't Say" (C)

SEAN MURPHY

Sean Murphy reads the late news on British television at 11 o'clock each evening.

This is a good time for a news programme because we can report the early news from America and the late news from Europe. I still arrive home midnight because the journey from the Television Centre to my home in north London only takes six minutes. My family and all asleep when I get in, but I usually make a drink of hot milk and read a book for about an hour.

"I always get up to have breakfast with my three children before they catch the school bus. Then I take the newspapers and go back to bed for a short time. Later on, I go for a swim – newsreaders spend too much time sitting down! I sometimes go running. I've done the London marathon twice. That's a race of over 40 kilometres. I finished each time, but I wasn't among the first!"

"I start work after lunch at two o'clock, when I go to my office. The rest of the day is spent planning the programme, but I always try to go home for an hour to see my children before they go to bed."

	1)	The late news begins at 1	,				
		A. 🗆 Right	B.   Wrong	C. $\square$ Doesn	't say		
	2)	Sean Murphy lives in Lond	don.				
		A. 🗆 Right	B.   Wrong	C. $\square$ Doesn	't say		
	3)	Sean's wife gives him a h	ot drink when he a	rrives home a	after work.		
		A. 🗆 Right	B.   Wrong	C. $\square$ Doesn	't say		
	4)	Sean takes his children to	school in the morning.				
		A. 🗆 Right	B.   Wrong	C. □ Doesn't say			
	5)	Sean likes to go swimmin	likes to go swimming with his colleagues from work.				
		A. 🗆 Right	B.   Wrong	C. $\square$ Doesn	't say		
	6)	Sean's has won the Londo	ondon marathon.				
		A. 🗆 Right	B. 🗆 Wrong	C. $\square$ Doesn	't say		
	7)	Sean's working day begin	s in the afternoon.				
		A. 🗆 Right	B. 🗆 Wrong	C. $\square$ Doesn	't say		
	8)	Sean usually leaves the of	ffice for an hour du	iring the even	iing.		
		A. 🗆 Right	B.   Wrong	C. $\square$ Doesn	't say		
3.	3. Choose the right title (A-F) to each paragraph (1-5), there is one odd title						
		A) AN UNUSUAL VII	EW OF LONDON		D) A HOME TO KINGS		
		B) A SAILOR AND H	IS SHIP		E) STUDENT SPORTSMEN		
		C) UNDERSTANDIN	G THE RIVER		F) UNDERSTANDING STUDENTS		
	-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -						

- 1) As you know, we are going on a river cruise on the Thames this afternoon. I would like to give you some information before we set off for central London. The Thames is the most famous river in England and is full of history. The river is tidal which means that if we travel with the flow of the water in the centre of the river we can go quite fast. For larger vessels, however, if they travel against the flow of the river, they may double their journey time. The level of water also changes according to the tides.
- 2) The Thames is also home to Boat Race between Oxford and Cambridge Universities which takes place every spring. It is a very popular race with about a quarter of a million people watching from the banks of the river. The two teams race against each other by rowing their boats from Putney to Mortlake. However, they to take into consideration how fast and rough the water in the middle of the river. Sometimes you can go faster when you're not taking advantage of the centre current if it is too strong.
- 3) The Thames harbours some historic vessels. The one we're going to see today is a replica of the Golden Hind, a 16<sup>th</sup> century ship captained by Francis Drake. It is believed to be the first English ship to have sailed around the world, a remarkable feat considering how small the ship was. It was on this ship that Francis Drake was knighted 'Sir Francis Drake' by Queen Elizabeth II.
- 4) Another famous attraction is the London Eye. It looks just like a big wheel that you find in a fairground. Basically, it is an observation wheel that revolves. The only difference is that you stand in capsules which go around with the 'Eye'. It is 135 metres high which means that when your capsule gets to the top, you have the most wonderful panorama of the River Thames and London itself.
- 5) We will also be able to see the Tower of London which is a famous historic landmark. This building has been a fortress, a royal palace and even a prison for people of status and royalty, of course. However, the Tower of London is also well-known for two other important reasons. The first is that it has housed the Crown Jewels since 1303. The second is the ravens that live at the Tower. It is said that if the ravens ever leave the Tower, the British monarchy and kingdom will fall.

# 4. Read the article about London's Tower Bridge. Choose the best word (A, B or C) for each space

#### LONDON'S TOWER BRIDGE

	Many tourists " visited Tower Bridge. It is (2) ships pass under it. Tower bridge was but halves of the bridge. In the earlier times, the riv over thousands times a year. Today, it only ope In 1952, a big red bus was (6) the middle of the other side in time! Of course, now (8) are green.	uilt in 1894 Ver was <sup>(4)</sup> Ins twice ( Ithe bridge	4 and <sup>(3)</sup> ( ) busier to a week. e <sup>(7)</sup> it sta	uses the sand han now and rted to open.	ne machine I the bridge The driver (	s to lift up two  """  """  """  """  """  """  """
	2) A. $\square$ let's 3) A. $\square$ ever 4) A. $\square$ much 5) A. $\square$ should 6) A. $\square$ to 7) A. $\square$ because 8) A. $\square$ there	B.  did B.  let B.  yet B.  had B.  betv B.  here B.  here	ween en e	C.   are C.   letting C.   still C.   very C.   was C.   in C.   if C.   they C.   all		
<b>5</b> .	Read the sentences about playing a sport. Choose the I		e best word	(A, B or C) <b>f</b>	or each sp	ace
	1) Gloria playing sport she plays.		A. □ decide	es B. 🗆 v	wants	C. □ likes
	2) Gloria thinks football is the most sport sh	ne plays.	A. ☐ favour	rite B. □ i	nteresting	C. ☐ nice
	<ul><li>3) When Gloria plays, she about everything and just thinks about football.</li><li>4) After school, Gloria on her football boots</li></ul>		A. □ leaves	s B. □ f	orgets	C. □ loses
	and plays with her friends.		A. □ runs	В. 🗆 с	changes	C. $\square$ puts
	<ul><li>5) When Gloria is older, she hopes that she ca some money from playing football.</li><li>6) One day Gloria wants to play football</li></ul>	ın	A. □ earn	B. □ k	oring	C. □ take
	for her in the World cup.		A. □ countr	y B. □ r	nationality	C. ☐ group
6.	Complete the conversation. For questions 1	-5 choos	e A, B or C			
	1) Please answer the phone A. □ How are you? B. □ Wh	ny can't yo	ou?	C. □ W	C. ☐ When did he call?	
	<ul><li>2) Would you prefer lemonade or orange juice?</li><li>A. □ Have you got anything else?</li><li>B. □ If you</li></ul>		ou like.	C. □ Ar	C. □ Are you sure about that?	
	3) <i>The 9.15 train late again.</i> A. □ It was never there. B. □ It o	ften is.		C. □ W	C. □ Will it ever be?	
	4) Can you help me with your homework? A. □ I don't understand it. B. □ It's	not ready	/.	C. □ I c	an't help it.	
	5) <i>I thought the play was very boring.</i> A. □ Yes, I'd like to. B. □ Wh	nich did yo	ou think?	C. □ I e	njoyed it.	
	• •					

- 7. Choose the best answer
  - 1) My friend and I often go ( $\square$  to/ $\square$  for) a walk together.
  - 2) Where did you ( $\square$  buy/ $\square$  bought) this lovely blouse?
  - 3) Mike is my ( $\square$  better/ $\square$  best) friend.
  - 4) Don't eat too ( $\square$  much/ $\square$  many) ice-cream.
  - 5) Will your sister ( $\square$  comes/ $\square$  come) to our party tomorrow?
  - 6) What colour ( $\square$  are/ $\square$  is) your mother's hair?
  - 7) You can ( $\square$  swim/ $\square$  to swim) well.
  - 8) He will ( $\square$  helps/ $\square$  help) you.
  - 9) Nobody ( $\square$  knows/ $\square$  doesn't know) his address.
  - 10) Christmas is a favourite holiday in ( $\square$  this/ $\square$  these) countries.
- 8. You are to create an animated cartoon serial about space. What name would you give to this serial and who or what will be the main heroes? Please write an essay (7-10 sentences)

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- 1. A. 1) blue
  - blue B. 1) 11.25
  - 2) 110 ponds

2) coat(s)

3) bicycle

3) (by the) front door

4) 6.45/18.45

4) library/ across the (car) park/ ALLOW library

5) 22/twenty two

5) talk

- ,
- 2. 1-A 2-A 3-B 4-B 5-C 6-B 7-A 8-A
- **3.** 1-C 2-E 3-B 4-A 5-D
- 4. 1-A 2-B 3-C 4-A 5-B 6-C 7-B 8-A 9-B
- **5**. 1-C 2-B 3-B 4-C 5-A 6-A
- **6.** 1-B 2-A 3-B 4-A 5-C
- 7. 1) for 6) is
  - 2) buy 7) swim
  - 3) best 8) help
  - 4) much 9) knows
  - 5) come 10) these

# 6 класс

#### ЗАДАНИЯ ШКОЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА (ШЭ)

● 2015-2016 учебный год									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
5.5 из 10	2.6 из 4	8.3 из 18	2.9 из 5	2.6 из 5	3.5 из 5	2.8 из 5	2.3 из 5	4.7 из 10	

# 1. Listen to the text. Choose TRUE or FALSE. You will hear the text two times

- 1) Julia was going to a party.
- 2) She was alone in her car.
- 3) She stopped her car because she was lost.
- 4) Julia saw the cat because there was a full moon.
- 5) The cat ran away as soon as Julia got out of the car.
- 6) Julia was wet and cold.
- 7) She decided to spend the night in the car because she was lost.
- 8) To pass the time until morning she listened to the radio.
- 9) She stopped feeling nervous.
- 10) The rain woke her up.

#### 2. Read the text. Find the right title (1-5) to the extracts A-D. One article is an odd one

- 1) The vitamin to make your bones hard.
- 3) Tastes differ.
- 5) Vitamins and the ABC.

English. Audio. 6-1.MP3

- 2) Where the vitamins are.
- 4) You can't live without food.

#### **HEALTHY FOOD**

- A. Eating is fun, especially when you are hungry. Most people have their favourite food. Some people enjoy eating sweet things like cakes, chocolates and ice cream. Other people enjoy savoury kinds of food like cheese and meet. Enjoying eating is our body's way of making sure that it gets the things it needs to work properly,
- B. Food helps us to keep warm, gives us energy to walk, talk, run and do all the other things we do. It helps us to grow and stay healthy.
- C. Vitamins also help us to be healthy. Scientists name vitamins after the letters of the alphabet. All of them are very important, for example, vitamin C keeps our skin and gums healthy. It is found in fresh fruit and green vegetables, such as oranges, blackcurrants, lettuce. Brussels sprouts and spinach also contain a lot of vitamin C.
- D. Vitamin D helps our bones to grow strong and hard, and we are able to make it for ourselves if our skin gets enough sunlight. But we can also get vitamin D if we eat fish, milk, butter and cheese. Some people buy pills or tablets containing vitamins. But most of us get more than enough of them from our food.

Miss Green lived beside a church in a small street. She  $^{1)}$  \_\_\_\_\_... (not have) a car. On Fridays she always  $^{2)}$  ... (go) to the market by bus. There  $^{3)}$  ... (be) many people in the bus, but she always  $^{4)}$  ... (find) a seat.

One of the houses at the corner of Miss Green's street <sup>5)</sup> ... (be) empty for a long time, but then a family <sup>6)</sup> ... (come) and <sup>7)</sup> ... (live) in it. Their name <sup>8)</sup> ... (be) the Adams. One day Miss Green <sup>9)</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_... (visit) Mrs Adams and they <sup>10)</sup> ... (become) friends. Once Mrs Adams said, "I <sup>11)</sup> ... (not know) the way to the market. Can I come with you?" "Please do", Miss Green answered. They <sup>12)</sup> ... (put) on their coats and <sup>13)</sup> ... (go) to the bus stop. When they <sup>14)</sup> ... (get) on the bus, it <sup>15)</sup> ... (be) full, but Miss Green <sup>16)</sup> ... (say), "Perhaps those two very handsome men <sup>17)</sup> ... (give) us their seats". Six men <sup>18)</sup> ... (stand) up quickly.

#### 4. Put down the correct answer

1)	George	. in	London	next	week.

a) is

- b) was
- c) will
- d) will be

- 2) When ... home?
  - a) she comes
- b) does she comes
- c) comes she
- d) does she come

- 3) Your sister likes cooking, ... she?
  - a) don't
- b) isn't
- c) doesn't
- d) wasn't
- 4) Can I speak to Tim, please? No, I'm afraid, he ... a bath.
  - a) has

- b) had
- c) is having
- d) have

- 5) ... Anna at school two days ago?
  - a) Does you see
- b) Did you saw
- c) Saw you
- d) Did you see

#### 5. Fill the gaps

- 1) My brother has a lot of ... at school: English, Math and so on.
- 2) When does the school year ... in Russia? In September.
- 3) I got an excellent ... for the lesson yesterday.
- 4) Have a very good ... at the weekend?
- 5) ... Ben is a famous clock at the north end of the Palate Westminster in London.

# 6. Match the sentences in the left column with the word combinations right column. There is an odd variant in the right column!

1) Bob goes to school...

a) two days ago

2) I saw Anna...

b) next week

3) It often snows...

c) on Mondays

d) at the moment

4) My parents will return...

e) five times a week

5) She's sleeping...

f) in winter

#### Сборник заданий Республиканской олимпиады школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина 7. Fill the gaps with appropriate preposition 1) My school is not far ... my house. 4) Who is standing ... the window? 2) I usually get up ... 8 o'clock. 5) Do you often listen ... pop music? 3) Tim's holidays begin ... June. 8. Fill the gaps 1) Why ... you here so early today? 4) Jane ... still doing her homework. 2) I ... got a pet hamster. 5) ... visit your grandparents last weekend. 3) ... you like to go to the cinema now? 9. Follow the given phrase. (Write about 7 - 10 sentences) I am the person, who enjoys ... ОТВЕТЫ: 1. 1) False, 2) True, 3) False, 4) False, 5) False, 6) True, 7) False, 8) False, 9) True, 10) False 2. A3, B4, C5, D1 1) did not have 4) found 7) lived 10) became 13) went 16) said 2) went 5) was 8) was 11) do not know 14) got 17) will give 3) were 6) came 9) visited 12) put 15) was 18) stood 1) d 2) d 3) c 4) c 5) d 4. 5. 1) subjects 2) begin (start) 3) mark (grade) 4) time (rest) 5) Big 1e, 2a, 3f, 4b, 5d 1) from 2) at 3) in 4) at (near, close to) 5) to 5) Did you 1) are 2) have 3) Would 4) is • 2016-2017 учебный год 7 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 10 3.2 из 5 7.8 из 10 3.4 из 5 2.5 из 5 3.4 из 8 0.6 из 1 3.4 из 4 4.1 из 6 4 из 6 5 из 10

1. Listen to Amanda talking to a friend about a holiday party. For questions 1-5 choose A, B or C. You will hear the conversation twice

1) Which ice-cream will they have at the party?

English 6-1 audio.mp3

1) Which ice-cream will they he	ave at the party?		5	English 6-1 audio.mp3
A) ☐ Coffee	B) □ Lemon	C) $\square$ Apple		
2) What is broken?				
A) $\square$ The CD player	B) $\square$ The cassette re	ecorder C	C) 🗆 The gui	tar
3) Whose birthday is it?				
A) 🗆 Emma's	B) 🗌 Joan's	C) $\square$ Amanda's	sister's	
4) What present has Amanda b	ought?			
A) $\square$ a camera	B) □ a video	C) $\square$ a football		
5) What time should people arr	rive at the party?			
A) 🗆 8 p.m.	B) 🗆 8:30 p.m.	C) 🗆 9:3	30 p.m.	

#### 2. Read the text and fill in the sentences given under the text with the right answer. Choose A, B or C

Frankie is green and very tall. He has yellow eyes, black hair and a small nose. He also has enormous hands and feet. He isn't pretty. In fact, he's very ugly and people call him a monster. They are afraid of him and always run away when they see him. But Frankie isn't bad! He is an intelligent man and he loves reading. He has a lot of books in his little house.

He likes writing stories. He sells his stories to make money. He also likes using his computer and the Internet to write to people. They don't know that he is ugly and they enjoy his letters. They sometimes ask him for his photograph, but Frankie never sends it.

Frankie enjoys gardening. There are a lot of vegetables, fruit trees and roses in his big garden. He loves roses! He puts bread out in the garden for the birds so there are a lot of birds too. They are not afraid of him!

Frankie never eats meat. He doesn't like it. He eats vegetables, fruit and bread. Because he doesn't like it when people run away from him, he orders all his shopping by the Internet. The shop delivers his shopping to his house. In this way, people don't see him and he feels happier. And when it is raining he doesn't have to go out of the house. He doesn't like the rain and he is afraid of thunder and lightning.

1) Frankie has	6) Frankie sends his photo to
<ul> <li>A. □ black hair and big hands and feet</li> <li>B. □ green eyes and a small nose</li> <li>C. □ small hands and feet</li> </ul>	<ul><li>A. □ his Internet friends</li><li>B. □ nobody</li><li>C. □ the shop</li></ul>
2) People like writing to Frankie because	7) Birds
<ul><li>A. □ they don't know that he is ugly</li><li>B. □ they meet him in the supermarket</li><li>C. □ they like to eat meat too</li></ul>	<ul><li>A. □ don't come into the garden</li><li>B. □ come into the garden</li><li>C. □ are afraid of Frankie</li></ul>
3) Frankie is	8) Frankie likes
<ul><li>A. □ a good person</li><li>B. □ an evil person</li><li>C. □ a beautiful person</li></ul>	<ul><li>A. □ gardening</li><li>B. □ eating meat</li><li>C. □ shopping in malls</li></ul>
4) He lives in	9) Frankie goes to
<ul><li>A. □ a big house without a garden</li><li>B. □ a small house with a big garden</li><li>C. □ a small garden</li></ul>	<ul><li>A. □ the supermarket</li><li>B. □ the theatre</li><li>C. □ the garden to put the bread for the birds</li></ul>
5) He a lot of books.	10) Frankie is happy when
A. □ reads B. □ speaks C. □ does	<ul><li>A. □ people don't see him</li><li>B. □ he doesn't see birds</li><li>C. □ he is in the supermarket</li></ul>

3.	Give the right answer		
	1) It often in winter in our place.		
	a) □ snows d) □ snowing	b) □ <i>is snowing</i> e) □ <i>snow</i>	c) $\square$ snowed
	2) What for?		
	a) $\square$ you are looking	b) $\square$ are you looking	c) $\square$ look
	3) Can I have ice cream, please?		
	a) 🗆 <i>a little</i>	b) $\square$ a few	c) $\square$ many
	4) These are my gloves. Give them	to	
	a) $\square$ me	b)	c) 🗆 /
	5) You visit the museum at eight	It is open till late.	
	a) $\square$ must	b) $\square$ $can$	c) $\square$ can't
4.	Put the adjective in brackets into	the correct form. Mind the	article
	<ol> <li>Meredith is (tall) then her of the control of the</li></ol>	nine. lice is still (pretty). our country?	
<b>5</b> .	In which sentences it is right to	use the verb DOES?	
	A) □ When does your sis B) □ I does not like appl C) □ Who does go to sch D) □ They does not play	es. nool every day?	
6.	Put the phrases in the right orde	r to make up a dialogue	
	<ul><li>1) Where are you from?</li><li>2) Hi!</li><li>3) I am from Britain.</li><li>4) Hello!</li></ul>		
<b>7</b> .	Choose the right word in each se	entence.	
	-	<i>nybody/</i> □ <i>nobody</i> here.  body for help.  late? No, there is □ nothing,  anything tasty for you, Peter  somewhere/□ anywhere? I	r. — Is it □ <i>something/</i> □ <i>anything</i> sweet? can't find them □ <i>anywhere/</i> □ <i>nowhere</i>

#### 8. Make up adverbs from the highlighted with the help of -LY

- 1) Your mark is **bad**. You did the test ...
- 2) Mr. Robin was very **angry**. He talked to the children ...
- 3) Caroline is a *quick* learner. She can learn poems by heart very ...
- 4) Bert is very **slow**. He always eats ...
- 5) The dog was **hungry**. It looked at the meat ...
- 6) It's an *easy* question. Can you answer it ...?

#### 9. Read the text and fill in the gaps transforming capitalised words (given below the text)

#### AT THE PAINTING CLUB

There are a lot of  $^{(1)}$ ... there now. Sam is taking pictures of some  $^{(2)}$ ... with his new digital camera. Sam's father  $^{(3)}$ ... a painter and  $^{(4)}$ ... in the club. He teaches children how to paint. Betty  $^{(5)}$ ... to her friend about their new teacher. Jenny is busy. She  $^{(6)}$  ... a dinosaur. She  $^{(7)}$  ... very well. Peter is sitting next to  $^{(8)}$  ... . He is reading a book about a famous painter. Peter usually reads a lot of books. Mr. White, Sam's father, is showing some children his pictures. They are ready to begin a lesson.

1) CHILD 2) PAINT 3) BE 4) WORK 5) TALK 6) PAINT 7) PAINT 8) SHE

# 10. You have just visited your friend who lives on another planet. Please describe the house he/she lives in (7-10 sentences)

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- 1. 1) C 2) A 3) A 4) B 5) B
- 2. 1A, 2A, 3A, 4B, 5A, 6B, 7B, 8A, 9C, 10A
- 3. 1) a 2) b 3) a 4) a 5) b
- 4. 1) taller 2) longer 3) prettier 4) the most popular 5) better
- **5.** A
- **6.** 4, 2, 1, 3
- 7. 1) anybody ... anybody 4) something ... something
  - 2) somebody
- 5) anywhere

3) nothing

- 6) nothing
- 8. 1) badly 2) angrily 3) quickly 4) slowly 5) hungrily 6) easily
- 9. 1) children 2) paintings 3) is 4) works 5) is talking 6) is painting 7) paints 8) her

# ЗАДАНИЯ МУНИЦИПАЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА (МЭ)

	• 2015-2016 учебный год												
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10													
2.1 из 5	2.3 из 3	7.7 из 16	7 из 10	4.9 из 10	4.2 из 10	3.9 из 10	9.9 из 16	4.5 из 10	3.4 из 10				

1. Listen to Amanda talking to a friend about a birthday party. For questions 1-5, choose A, B or C. You will hear the text twice.

1) Which ice cream will they have at the party?

(1) English. Audio. 6-2.mp3

A: coffee

B: lemon

C: apple

2) What is broken?

A: the CD player

B: the cassette recorder

C: the guitar

3) Whose birthdays is it?

A: Emma's

B: Joan's

C: Amanda's

4) What present has Amanda brought?

A: a camera

B: a video

C: a football

5) What time should people arrive at the party?

A: 8 p.m.

B: 8.30 p.m.

C: 9:30 p.m.

#### 2. Read the text. Write down whether the following after the text statements are true or false

Mrs. Brown had a daughter. Her name was Lisa. When she was four years old, she had a bicycle. It was red and white, and it had small wheels at its sides, so it always stayed up. Then Lisa did not have a bicycle for a very long time. Now she is twelve years old, and she wants a bicycle. Mrs. Brown goes to work by car every day, and she takes Lisa with her to her school and brings her back when she finishes. Her school is on one side of the town, and Mrs. Brown's office is on the other side. Lisa said, "A lot of my friends have bicycles, and they ride to school on them." Mrs. Brown agreed to buy her a bicycle, but she wanted to make sure that her daughter knows traffic rules. One day Mrs. Brown stopped her car at a red light and asked Lisa about the meaning of the traffic lights. Lisa said, "Red is 'Stop', green is 'Go', and yellow is 'Go very quickly'".

Write down whether the following statements are true or false

- 1) Lisa had never had a bicycle.
- 2) She wanted to have a bicycle to go for a ride in the country.
- 3) Mrs. Brown was going to buy her a bicycle.

## 3. Open the brackets. Use the right tense

Summer was coming. Summer was our best season: it  $^{1)}$  ... (sleep) on the back porch or trying to sleep in the tree house; summer  $^{2)}$  ... (be) everything good  $^{3)}$  ... (eat), but most of all summer  $^{4)}$  ... (be) Dill. The last day of school Jim and I  $^{5)}$  ... (walk) home together. As we  $^{6)}$  ... (come) to the trees at the Radley Place I  $^{7)}$  ... (raise) my finger  $^{8)}$  ... (show) for the hundredth time the hole in the tree where I had found the chewing gum and  $^{9)}$  ... (find) myself showing another piece of tinfoil. Jim  $^{10)}$  ... (look) around, then  $^{11)}$  ... (take) out a little shiny package and  $^{12)}$  ... (put) it into his pocket. We  $^{13)}$  ... (run) home, and on the front porch we  $^{14)}$  ... (look) at it. It  $^{15)}$  ... (be) a small box and inside of it  $^{16)}$  ... (be) two well-cleaned pennies.

#### 4. Much or many?

- 1) Please, don't put ... salt on the meat.
- 2) He often eats ... bread with soup.
- 3) George ate ... ice-cream
- 4) There were ... people on the square.
- 5) She had ... dresses.

- 6) John always drinks ... juice.
- 7) Mother bought ... sugar.
- 8) I met ... of my friends.
- 9) There was ... water in the lake.
- 10) Nora read ... interesting books about animals.

#### 5. Little or few?

- 1) I can't go with you, I've got ... time.
- 2) He has got ... English books
- 3) There are ... elephants in our zoo.
- 4) There is ... juice in my glass.
- 5) There were very ... boys in the room.

- 6) I've got ... money. I can't buy it.
- 7) We found ... mushrooms
- 8) He received ... letters yesterday.
- 9) Mother had ... butter and couldn't make a cake.
- 10) There are ... flowers in their yard.

#### 6. Fill in the gaps with the correct prepositions from the list below. There are some odd prepositions on the list!

Prepositions: on, for, in, to, by, for, about, with, of, over, of, to, across, between

- 1) Are you sure ... that?
- 2) I usually buy Christmas presents ... all of my friends and relatives in December.
- 3) Thank you, it's so nice ... you.
- 4) We usually celebrate this holiday ... March.
- 5) I enjoy listening ... pop music in English.
- 6) What did you do when you were ... holiday?
- 7) I would like to invite my schoolmates ... my place next Sunday.
- 8) What is your city famous ...?

- 9) We had a picnic ... our friends in May.
- 10) Would you like to go there ... bike?

#### 7. Fill in the gaps with the appropriate form (infinitive or -ing) of the verb in brackets

<ol> <li>My granny really loves soap operas on TV.</li> <li>I hope you next weekend.</li> </ol>	(watch) (see)
3) Many people are fond of	(travel) (write)
<ul><li>4) I'm getting ready for a test.</li><li>5) My brother likes computer games.</li></ul>	(write) (play)
6) I have always dreamed of to Canada!	(go)
7) The children were so happy their aunt.	(meet)
8) Paul had no time this exercise yesterday.	(do)
9) I would like some tea now.	(have)
10) At weekend we often go with our dog in the park.	(walk)

#### 8. Fill in the chart

Noun Verb		Adjective	Adverb	
	pen	send	nice	often

<u>Words</u>: **slowly, culture, excellent, seldom, frosty, get, active, classroom, buy, attention, find, usually, midnight, British, never, collect** 

#### 9. Fill in the gaps by using the adjective in the appropriate degree of comparison

1) Tom is ... than his brother. **TALL** 2) Can you show me ... skyscraper in Moscow? HIGH 3) Jane is a ... pupil than Betty. GOOD 4) My granny has got the ... garden in the world. BEAUTIFUL 5) Do you know the ... word in English? LONG 6) Oh, it's ... today than it was yesterday. COLD 7) I really think that Russian is ... than English. DIFFICULT 8) What is the ... pet for you? GOOD 9) This story is the ... of all I have read. **BORING** 10) July is usually the ... month of the year. HOT

# 10. Please write about the person you are proud of. Use 10-13 sentences. Do not forget to write – why you are proud of him or her!

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- **1.** 1) C 2) A 3) B 4) C 5) B
- **2.** 1) False 2) False 3) True
- 1) was sleeping 5) walked 9) found 13) ran 2) was 6) came 10) looked 14) looked 7) raised 11) took 3) to eat 15) was 4) was 8) showing 12) put 16) were
- **4.** 1) much 3) much 5) many 7) many 9) many 2) much 4) many 6) much 8) much 10) many
- 5. 1) little 2) few 3) few 4) little 5) few 6) little 7) little 8) few 9) little 10) few
- **6.** 1) of 2) for 3) of 4) in 5) to 6) on 7) to (over) 8) for 9) with 10) by
- 7. 1) watching 3) travelling 5) playing (to play) 7) to meet 9) to have 2) to see 4) writing 6) going 8) to do 10) to walk

Noun	Verb	Adjective	Adverb
culture	get	excellent	slowly
classroom	buy	frosty	seldom
attention	find	active	usually
midnight	collect	British	never

9. 1) taller
2) the highest
3) better
5) longest
6) colder
7) more difficult
9) most boring
10) hottest

8.

		•	2016-2017	учебный го	од		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3.4 из 6	4.7 из 8	3.8 из 6	5.2 из 9	3.6 из 6	4.3 из 10	1.8 из 5	3.7 из 10

1. Listen to Peter talking to a friend about a school trip. For questions 1-6 tick A, B or C. You will hear the conversation twice

1) Peter went to Durham on		(1)) English 6-2 audio.mp3
A. ☐ Wednesday	B. □ Thursday	C. ☐ Friday
2) The first place Peter visited was the		•
A.   Castle	B. □ museum	C. □ cathedral
3) Peter enjoyed listening to a talk abo	ut	
A. $\square$ paintings	B. □ stamps	C. □ clocks
4) Peter thought the castle was		
A. $\square$ empty	B. □ cold	C. □ dark
5) In a shop, Peter got		
A. □ a book	B. $\square$ some food	C. □ postcards
6) Peter took photographs of		
A. □ windows	B. □ people	C. □ a bus

2. Read the article about some beautiful old cups. Are sentences RIGHT or WRONG?

If there is not enough information to answer RIGHT or WRONG, choose DOESN'T SAY

#### THE MISSING CUPS

When I was young, my parents moved from California to Illinois with me and my two sisters. We all helped my mother pack everything from our old house into boxes. Inside three of the boxes were my grandmother's special cups, bowls and plates. They were special because my grandmother, a clever artist, painted them herself with a lovely pattern of blue flowers.

Sadly, one of those three boxes was lost. We never got the cups, but the plates and bowls arrived safely. We used them on special days in the year, like birthdays .We remembered those cups and were sad that we did not have them anymore.

Ten years later, I decided to go to University in California. In my first summer there, a friend asked me to spend a day at antique market with her. At first I did not want to go, but I finally agreed and we had a great day there looking around. There were many old and interesting things for sale. We were just leaving when I saw a woman selling twelve beautiful cups with a pattern of blue flowers. I looked closely and saw they were my grandmother's cups!!!

1) The writer lived in Californ	ia when she was a child.	
A. 🗆 Right	B. 🗆 Wrong	C. $\square$ Doesn't Say

#### Сборник заданий Республиканской олимпиады школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина 2) The writer's grandmother asked an artist to paint the cups, plates and bowls for her. A. Right B. Wrong C. ☐ Doesn't Say 3) Some of the plates and bowls were broken when they arrived. A. Right B. Wrong C. ☐ Doesn't Say 4) The family forgot all about the grandmother's cups. A. Right B. Wrong C. Doesn't Say 5) The writer moved back to California because she wanted to study there. A. □ Right B. Wrong C. ☐ Doesn't Say 6) The writer went to the market alone in her first summer in California. A. Right B. Wrong C. ☐ Doesn't Say 7) The writer enjoyed looking at things for sale at the market. A. Right B. Wrong C. ☐ Doesn't Say 8) The writer paid a lot of money to buy cups at the market. A. □ Right B. □ Wrong C. Doesn't Say Read the sentences about a birthday present. Choose the best word (A, B or C) for each space 1) Michael wanted to ... his sister a present for her birthday. A. □ buy B. □ sell C. □ do 2) Michael didn't ... what kind of present to get his sister. B. □ know C. ☐ understand A. ☐ think 3) His sister liked ... photographs but she already had a camera. A. $\square$ making B. □ putting C. ☐ taking 4) He wanted to give her a TV but she meant spending too much ... B. □ price C. □ cost A. ☐ money 5) He asked a friend to help because the problem was making him ... A. □ afraid B. □ unhappy C. ☐ difficult 6) Michael's sister told him it didn't ... what present he gave her. A. □ prefer B. □ mind C. ☐ matter Read the article about ships. Choose the best word (A, B or C) for each space SHIPS-FASTER AND BIGGER Nile, the longest river in Africa.

The first people to build ship (1) ... the Egyptians 5000 years ago. They used (2) ... to travel on the river

In the sixteenth century, people from Europe travelled thousands of kilometers in large ships. (3) ... was important that they found new ways around the world. Life was hard for these sailors and on the

journey (4) ... died because they did not have (5) ... food. In the nineteenth century, ships called "clippers" (6) ... tea from China to Britain and wool from

Australia to the USA. In very strong winds, clippers could sail 650 kilometers (7) ... day.

In modern times, the largest ships are oil tankers. (8) ... of these are 400 meters long (9) ... the sailors have to use bicycles to travel round the ship.

Cbc	рник заданий Ре	еспубликанской	олимпиады	ЫШ	кольников	на Куб	ок имени Ю.А. I а	гарина
5. Coi	1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9)	A.  were A.  their A.  There A.  many A.  few A. carried A. the A. None A. so	B. □ B. □ B. □	the Her mu end car a Eve bed	m ce ch ough rying ery cause	C.   b C.   th C.   lt C.   m C.   ci C.   c C.   o C.   S C.   w	nore Ittle arry ne ome /hen	
	questions 1-6, n					<b>,</b>	,	
Joel:	Hello Raya. How a	are you?		A.	It's quite eas	sy really	r. I'll help you.	
Raya:	1)			D	The mathe v	vac oaci	ier than the other h	omowork
Joel:	I'm fine, but I've g to do tonight.	ot lots of homew	JIK					omework.
Raya:				C.	How far is th	nat?		
Joel:	Because my comp		-	D.	Really? So v	vhy arer	n't you at home stu	dying?
Raya:	I am going to my 3)	cousin's nouse to		E.	What's wron	ng with y	your computer?	
Joel:	It's a short journe	y on the bus.		F	Fine, thanks	Joel A	and vou?	
Raya: Joel	4) Are you sure? Do	you need it this e					•	orrow.
Raya:		journou it amo o	· • · · · · · · · · · ·	U.	i ve imisneu	all my i	nomework for tom	orrow.
Joel:	Have you? Even the understand any of			H.	I live five mi Why don't yo		om here. e and use my comp	uter?
Raya: Joel:	6) That's kind.				, ,			
	oose the correct a	nswer. Only one	answer is o	corr	ect			
	1) There was hardl	•						
	A. ☐ more	B. □ n	-		. $\square$ some		D. □ any	
	2) <i>You're who no</i> A. □ the sir		ne only	C.	. $\square$ only one		D. $\square$ the only one	
,	3) <i>Their house is</i> A. □ where		al. nywhere	C.	. 🗆 somewh	iere	D. □ any place	
	4) <i>The reason I left</i> A. □ why	is I was bored. B. □ th	nat	C.	. 🗆 while		D. □ for	
!	5) <i>I'll go on holiday</i> A. □ as soo		S	C.	. 🗆 until		D. □ how	
(	6) I'm sorry I you A. □ lost	ır party: l was awa B. □ fa	-		. $\square$ passed		D. □ missed	

	Сбо	оник заџ	даний I	Респуб	ликанс	кой ол	пимпиа	ды ш	ольни	ков на	Кубок имени	1 Ю.А. Г	агарина
	7	) We h A.	<i>er a haµ</i> □ wish		•	□ said		C.	□ told		D. □ war	nted	
	8	) <i>Your ro</i> A.	om is a □ arra		'	at once. □ mak		C.	□ tidy		D. □ do		
	9	) <i>Could y</i> A.	ou m □ let	e ten po		<i>ntil nex</i> □ prov		•	□ borr	OW.	D. □ lend	d	
	1	0) <i>We ar</i> A.	e very p □ for	roud		a's succ □ of	ess.	C.	□ on		D. □ at		
<b>7</b> .		d the tex ne space				rds giv	en in c	apitals	at the	end of	some lines to	form v	vords that fit
	(1	ic space	o in the	Junic	tilles	P	AINTINO	THE F	ENCE				
	lt	was Sat	turday a	ınd a (1)	) sum	nmer da	iy.					LO	VE
	Е	veryone	was on	holiday	, everyc	ne was	s happy.	Tom lo	oked a	t the			
	fe	ence in fr	ont of h	im. Thir	ty yard:	s long a	and nine	: (2) f	nigh!			F0	OT
	Н	le sat doı	vn unde	er a tree	e. At the	at mom	ent he s	saw Jin	n (3)			SK	(IP
	а	long with	n a buck	et of w	ater. No	w it see	emed n	nuch (4)				GO	00D
	tl	han the jo	ob he ha	ad to do	. At (5) .	Jim a	didn't ag	iree.				0N	ΙE
	T	hen Tom	promis	ed to gi	ve him	a marb	le.						
8.				•			•			•	ou on a space ntences)	e missio	on to Mars if
OTE	ВЕТЬ	l:											
1.	1) C	2) A	3) C	4) B	5) C	6) B							
2.	1) A	2) B	3) B	4) B	5) A	6) B	7) A	8) C					
3.	1) A	2) B	3) C	4) A	5) B	6) C							
4.	1) A	2) B	3) C	4) A	5) B	6) A	7) B	8) C	9) A				
<b>5</b> .	1) F	2) D	3) C	4) H	5) G	6) A							
6.	1) D	2) D	3) C	4) B	5) A	6) D	7) A	8) C	9) D	10) B			
<b>7</b> .	1) lo	vely	2) fee	t	3) ski	pping	4) b	etter	5)	first			
				3A,	ДАНИЯ	A PEC	ПУБЛІ	<b>1KAH</b> (	СКОГО	ЭТАП	<b>IA</b> (P3)		

	<ul> <li>2015-2016 учебный год</li> </ul>													
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8									10					
2.8 из 5	4.6 из 6	11 из 16	5.4 из 7	7.7 из 10	9.2 из 11	2.4 из 5	3.6 из 5	1.7 из 7	4.8 из 10					

# 1. Listen to Grace telling a friend about a hotel. For questions 1-5 tick A, B or C. You will hear the conversation twice

1) The hotel is	English. Audio. 6-3.mp3
<ul><li>□ A) in a town.</li><li>□ B) on a mountain.</li><li>□ C) near the sea.</li></ul>	
2) At the hotel, Grace could	4) In a restaurant, Grace had
<ul><li>□ A) play golf.</li><li>□ B) play tennis.</li><li>□ C) use the swimming pool.</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ A) too few vegetables.</li><li>□ B) a lot of fried food.</li><li>□ C) chips with every meal.</li></ul>
3) In Grace's room, there was	5) Grace says the hotel was
<ul><li>□ A) a fridge.</li><li>□ B) a video player.</li><li>□ C) a coffee machine.</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ A) cheap.</li><li>□ B) boring.</li><li>□ C) noisy.</li></ul>

#### 2. Read the text and do the tasks below

It happened once when a trolley-bus, a car and a bicycle met at the red light. As they were waiting for the green light, they began to argue.

The Car was the first to speak. He said to the bicycle, "I can't understand why people are using you! You are so slow. Do you know that people started traveling by cars about a hundred years ago: in 1885? I'm very fast, I can carry not one man, as you do, but five. Anybody can see that I am more useful than you".

"It depends on when and where," said the small bicycle.

Then the trolley-bus spoke. "I am better and more useful than you," he said to the car. "You can take only five people, but I can take more. It's quite clear to anybody that I'm more useful than you".

"It depends on when and where," said the small bicycle again.

At that moment they saw a green light and moved on to see which of them was the fastest. Of course the bicycle was the slowest and the trolley-bus could not leave the city. The car left the city and was moving very fast. But soon it came to the place where there was a bridge over the river. The car could not cross it as the bridge was very bad. So it had to take another road. And when, at last, it came to a village on the other side of the river, it saw that a bicycle was waiting for it.

"Why." said the Car, "how did you cross the river?"

"Well," said the bicycle, "there was a little passage on the bridge just wide enough for me to cross the river. And so here I am. Do you remember what I said? It depends on when and where. You see now that I was right".

#### Write down the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

- 1) The Car thought that the Bicycle was not useful at all.
- 2) The Car thought that it was more useful because it was very fast.
- 3) The Bicycle agreed with it.
- 4) The Trolley-bus thought that it was the most useful because of all.
- 5) When the green light was on the Trolley-bus was the fastest.
- 6) When the Car came to the village it saw the Bicycle there.

#### 3. Open the brackets and put the verbs into the proper tense form

Summer was coming. Summer was our best season: it  $^{1)}$  ... (sleep) on the back porch or trying to sleep in the tree – house; summer  $^{2)}$  ... (be) everything good  $^{3)}$  ... (eat), but most of all summer  $^{4)}$  ... (be) Dill. The last day of school Jim and I  $^{5)}$  ... (walk) home together. As we  $^{6)}$  ... (come) to the trees at the Radley Place I  $^{7)}$  ... (raise) my finger  $^{8)}$  ... (show) for the hundredth time the hole in the tree where I had found the chewing gum and  $^{9)}$  ... (find) myself showing another piece of tinfoil. Jim  $^{10)}$  ... (look) around, then  $^{11)}$  ... (take) out a little shiny package and  $^{12)}$  ... (put) it into his pocket. We  $^{13)}$  ... (run) home, and on the front porch we  $^{14)}$  ... (look) at it. It  $^{15)}$  ... (be) a small box and inside of it  $^{16)}$  ... (be) two well-cleaned pennies.

#### 4. Choose the right variant with the appropriate names of the holidays

1) They celebrate St. Valentine's Day on the ( $\Box$ for	urth/ □ fourteenth) of February.
2) On the first of ( $\square$ <i>April</i> / $\square$ <i>May</i> ) they have ( $\square$	A <i>pril/</i> □ <i>May</i> ) Fool's Day.
3) ( $\square$ Easter/ $\square$ New Year) is the holiday of Jesus	s Christ Resurrection <sup>(воскресение)</sup> .
4) Halloween is a festival that takes place on the (	☐ thirty/ ☐ thirty-first) of October.
5) They celebrate Christmas on the (☐ twenty-fou	urth/ □ twenty-fifth) of December.
6) On Bank holidays all the people of Britain have	got their ( $\square$ walking/ $\square$ working/ $\square$ free) day.
7) They have Boxing (□ Day/ □ Way/ □ Tray) or	the ( $\square$ twenty-fifth/ $\square$ twenty-sixth) of December.

#### 5. Fill the gaps with the appropriate words to make the sentences

- 1) He (can/may) ... do his homework without my help.
- 2) Mum, (have/may) ... I leave the home late?
- 3) You (needn't/must) ... follow your teacher's instructions.
- 4) You (needn't/have to) ... follow bad advice.
- 5) (Can/Must) ... he break the rules?
- 6) (Could/Can) ... she write it last week?
- 7) (Must/Could) ... we play this game together?
- 8) I am busy. So I (couldn't/can't) ... help you at the moment.
- 9) You (mustn't/needn't) ... do it yourself.
- 10) My sister is not well. I (could/have to) ... help her.

## 6. Choose the right interrogative words in the following special questions

- 1) (Where/When) ... does he go every day?
- 2) (What/Why) ... animals did he see in the Zoo?
- 3) (Where/When) ... has he been for many times?
- 4) (How/Whose) ... book did he borrow yesterday?
- 5) How (many/much) \_\_\_\_\_... coffee is there in the cup?
- 6) (Why/Which) ... has she recently visited her friend?
- 7) (What/When) ... did they go on excursion?
- 8) (Why/Which) ... of the pens is yours?
- 9) How (long/much) ... have you been there?
- 10) (Whom/How) ... did you see in your friend's house?
- 11) (Why/What) ... have they come to you?

## 7. Use the necessary article. (a, the, – no article)

- 1) ... Ben Nevis is the highest peak in Scotland.
- 2) Have you ever been to ... Goby, one of the hottest places on our planet?
- 3) Is ... Lake Baikal the deepest freshwater lake?
- 4) The best salmon is caught near ... Orkney Islands.
- 5) The UK is washed by ... North Sea in the West.

## 8. Choose the right variant

- 1) Very ( $\square$  few /  $\square$  little) people came to the party.
- 2) There was ( $\square$  few /  $\square$  little) milk left in the cup.
- 3) Do you know ( $\square$  *who* /  $\square$  *whose*) idea it was?
- 4) The man ( $\square$  *who* /  $\square$  *which*) is sitting there is my brother.
- 5) This is now ( $\square$  what /  $\square$  which) I want.

## 9. Replace the words in bold with their opposites

- 1) Jenny is so **sensitive**.
- 2) Brian is a very **responsible** worker.
- 3) Meg is very **mature** for her age.
- 4) Paul is very **patient** with his children.
- 5) Tom is very **kind** to his colleagues.
- 6) Our last holiday was forgettable.
- 7) The girl's story was guite **believable**.

## 10. Write a short essay (the beginning is given). Write 10-13 sentences

Yesterday my class had a meeting with a famous cosmonaut. It was so interesting. I liked it so much and I would like to tell you about it.

### ОТВЕТЫ:

- 1. 1C, 2A, 3B, 4B, 5A
- 2. 1) True, 2) True, 3) False, 4) True, 5) False, 6) True
- 3. 1) was sleeping
- 5) walked

- 9) found
- 13) ran

- 2) was s
- 6) came

- 10) looked
- 14) looked

- 3) to eat 4) was
- 7) raised

8) showing

- 11) took 12) put
- 15) was 16) were
- 4. 1) fourteenth. 2) April, April's. 3) Easter. 4) thirty first. 5) twenty fifth. 6) free. 7) Day, twenty sixth
- **5.** 1) can
- 3) must
- 5) can
- 7) must
- 9) needn't

- 2) may
- 4) needn't
- 6) could
- 8) can't
- 10) have to
- 6. 1) Where. 2) What. 3) Where. 4) Whose. 5) much. 6) Why. 7) When. 8) Which. 9) long. 10) Whom. 11) Why
- 7. 1) -, 2) the, 3) -, 4) the, 5) the
- 8. 1) few, 2) little, 3) whose, 4) who, 5) what
- 9. 1) insensitive, 2) irresponsible, 3) immature, 4) impatient, 5) unkind, 6) unforgettable, 7) unbelievable

		• 2016	-2017 учебн	ый год		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
3 из 4	4.7 из 8	5 из 8	6.1 из 9	4.7 из 6	4 из 6	5.8 из 10

1. You will hear four children talk about what they think life will be like in the year 2050. For speakers 1-4, choose from the list A-E which statement applies to each child.

There is one extra statement that you do not need to use

English 6-3 audio.mp3

- 1) Speaker 1
- A) Life on Earth will be ideal.
- 2) Speaker 2
- B) There won't be enough space for everyone on the Earth.
- 3) Speaker 3
- C) There will be no water at all.
- 4) Speaker 4
- D) The air will be clean.
- E) People will develop breathing problems.

2. Read the article about Neil Armstrong. Match the paragraphs (1-8) with their correct headings (A-H)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

- A) BACK WITH A SPLASH OF GLORY
- D) TESTING THE AIR
- G) DISCOVERING AIR TRAVEL

- B) A PROBLEM IN SPACE
- E) THE GREAT TOUCHDOWN
- H) A POPULAR MAN

- C) SUCCESSFUL IN BATTLE
- F) CROSSING INTO SPACE TRAVEL

American astronaut Neil Armstrong was the first man to step on the moon. Here is the story behind this great man.

- 1) While most teenagers were trying to pass their driving test and receive their driving license, Neil Armstrong earned his pilot's license at sixteen. Armstrong took an interest in aviation from a young age and worked at the local airport in his hometown of Wapakoneta, Ohio.
- 2) Armstrong decided to study Aeronautical Engineering at university. He stopped his studies because of the Korean War in 1950 and became a navy pilot at the age of 20. Armstrong flew 78 combat flights during the war and received three medals.
- 3) Shortly after completing his degree, Armstrong joined a government agency which later became the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). At NASA he worked as a test pilot and engineer. He tested over 50 types of aircraft and reached top speeds of 6.600kmph.
- 4) In 1962, Armstrong entered the astronaut programme at NASA. He was the pilot on his first mission into space aboard the Gemini VIII in 1966. As part of the Apollo space programme, NASA chose Armstrong to lead its first manned mission to the moon on Apollo 11.
- 5) On 20th July, 1969, Apollo 11 landed on the surface of the moon. Armstrong made his way down the ladder of the spacecraft. When his foot touched the surface, he spoke the now famous words:" That's one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind." Minutes later his co-pilot joined him and they planted the American flag on the moon's surface.
- 6) Four days later, Apollo 11 returned to Earth. The craft came down in the Pacific Ocean. Armstrong received the Presidential award

- 7) Armstrong never returned to space. He worked for a short while at NASA and then he went on teach Aerospace Engineering. He also became an adviser to the government on various space issues.
- 8) Although Armstrong tried to live a quiet land private life. He was always in high demand. He continuously turned down interviews years ago; he stopped signing autographs as people were selling them for thousands of dollars. Neil Armstrong died on 25 August, 2012. What he achieved happened decades ago, but his greatness still lives on.

# 3. Read the article about a young girl who plays the violin. Are sentences Right (A) or Wrong (B)? If there is not enough information to answer Right (A) or Wrong (B), choose Doesn't say (C)

#### **CHLOE HANSLIP**

Chloe was born in England. Her father works with computers and her mother teaches dance. Chloe began playing the violin when she was two. Her parents bought her a special violin which was small enough for her to use, and, even at this age, she could play without help. Her sister Virginia, who was nineteen at the time, played the piano and, after Chloe heard her play something; she tried to play it on her violin. From the age of four, she played at a number of concerts in Britain and America and in 1999 she was a child violinist in the Hollywood film Onegin.

Many teachers offered to give Chloe lessons but when she was seven she met Professor Zakhar Bron. She was certain from the beginning that he was the right teacher for her. His work takes him around the world and each year Chloe flies thousands of kilometres to get to his classes.

Chloe was only fourteen when she made her first CD, but she says she is just like any other teenager. "I have lots of friends and I love pop music. Getting better on the violin is important, but I also make sure I have time for other things."

1)	Chloe's mother gives dance classes.	A. Right	B. Wrong	C. Doesn't say
2)	Chloe's first violin was the same size as other violins.	A. Right	B. Wrong	C. Doesn't say
3)	To start with, Chloe practices the same music as her sister.	A. Right	B. Wrong	C. Doesn't say
4)	Chloe's prefers playing concerts in America to playing in Britain.	A. Right	B. Wrong	C. Doesn't say
5)	When Chloe first met Zakhar Bron, she knew she wanted to study with him.	A. Right	B. Wrong	C. Doesn't say
6)	Chloe travels to other countries for her lessons with Zakhar Bron.	A. Right	B. Wrong	C. Doesn't say
7)	Chloe thinks she has a different life from other people her age.	A. Right	B. Wrong	C. Doesn't say
8)	Chloe plays pop music on the violin for her friends.	A. Right	B. Wrong	C. Doesn't say

# 4. Read the article about badgers. Choose the best word (A, B or C) for each space

#### **BADGERS**

Not many people have  $^{(1)}$  ... seen a badger.  $^{(2)}$  ... black and white animals can sometimes  $^{(3)}$  ... the size of a large dog. They live in underground holes in woods and forests in Europe and many of their homes have been there  $^{(4)}$  ... centuries. Scientists have even found bones of badgers  $^{(5)}$  ... 250.000 years ago. The old

	English word bhave (6) that	_	nd a few English	villa	ges, for example Brockenhurst and Brockley,
	(=)		hadaers In (8)	sto	ories badgers are very old and clever, but in
					rfriendly and only <sup>(9)</sup> out at night. They live
	•	d small animals, but also e	•	-	
		□ ever	B. □ still		C. □ soon
	•	□ tver □ That	B. ☐ Stitt		C. ☐ Soon  C. ☐ These
	•	⊒ hiat ⊒ being	B. □ be		C. □ mese C. □ been
	•	⊒ for	B. □ since		C. □ deen  C. □ during
		⊒ loi ⊒ after	B. $\square$ from		C. □ ddinig C. □ at
		□ keeping	B. □ keep		C. □ kept
		□ Here	B. □ There		C. ☐ They
		⊒ some	B. □ mere		C. □ every
	•	⊒ came	B. □ come		C. □ comes
E	·			\A/L	
<b>5</b> .	-	e conversation about re 6 choose the correct lette	-	W	at does Jack say to Mrs. Brown? For
	Mrs. Brown:	Good morning. Are you Ja	ck Gomez?	A)	What does the heating cost?
	Jack:	1)		B)	I can't decide about the room?
	Mrs. Brown:	Come this way. Here it is.			Can I phone later?
	Jack:	2)		C)	Can I use the kitchen and bathroom?
	Mrs. Brown:	And it's very warm.		D)	How near is the bus stop?
		The rent is 400 pounds a r	nonth.	E)	I like the big window —
	Jack:	3)			it's nice and sunny.
	Mrs. Brown:	There's nothing more to p	ay.		But is there anywhere to park my car?
		Are you a student?		G)	Yes. I've come about the room.
	Jack:	4)	.1 1	H)	A nurse, so I often have to work at night
	Mrs. Brown:	It's very quiet here during	•		
	la ala	And the station is not far a	iway.		
	Jack:	5)			
	Mrs. Brown:	Only in the road. I haven't	got a garage.		
	Jack:	6)	roll.		
6.	Mrs. Brown:	All right. But before tomor		ը th	e best word (A, B or C) for each space
0.		•			•
		rker to university for th $A.\ \square$ arrives	e first time on Mo B. □ went	onda	ry. C. □ was
		doing a four-year in Bu A. □ class	siness studies. B. □ lesson		C. □ course
		ersity secretary was there to A. $\square$ invite	o all the new B. □ speak	stud	lents. C. □ welcome
		ay, Sarah some of her i A. □ met	new teachers. B. □ knew		C. □ remembered

5) Today, Sarah is ..... reading her business books.

A. □ correct

B. □ useful

C. ☐ busy

6) Next month, Sarah is hoping to ..... the university swimming club.

A. □ play

B. □ join

C. ☐ become

7. Please write an essay (10-15 sentences): What will be your first words when you land on an unknown planet? What will be your first message to the people on Earth? What impressions would you like to share when you achieve you goal?

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- 1. 1B, 2E, 3A, 4D
- 2. 1G, 2C, 3D, 4F, 5E, 6A, 7–, 8H
- 3. 1A, 2B, 3A, 4C, 5A, 6A, 7B, 8C
- 4. 1A, 2C, 3B, 4A, 5B, 6C, 7B, 8A, 9B
- **5.** 1G, 2E, 3A, 4H, 5F, 6B
- 6. 1B, 2C, 3C, 4A, 5C, 6B

# 7 класс

# ЗАДАНИЯ ШКОЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА (ШЭ)

	<ul> <li>• 2015-2016 учебный год</li> </ul>								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3.2 из 7	3 из 5	7.5 из 17	6.1 из 12	2 из 5	3.9 из 11	2.9 из 5	2.7 из 5	3.3 из 5	3.6 из 10

1. Listen to the story about the animals which were brought to Australia and what happened because of that and answer the questions 1-7.

You will hear the text two times

**台) English. Audio. 7-1.MP3** 

1) - 3) Fill in the chart

	Animal	Brought by	Reason
1)	rabbit	settlers	
2)		settlers	fox hunting
3)	cane toad		to kill cane beetles

4) The cane toad was imported in ... to kill cane beetles.

5) The cane toad originated in ...

A. Central America

B. Hawaii

C. Australia

6) In Australia the toads ...

A. grew extremely large

C. ate the cane beetles

B. multiplied in number

7) The farmers' plan failed because ...

A. there were too many beetles

B. there weren't enough toads

C. the toads didn't want to eat the beetles

## 2. Read the article and find the right heading (1-6) according to A-E. One heading is an odd one

#### WARMING WARNING FOR ANTARCTICA

The face of Antarctica will change in the next 100 years as ice melts, penguins move south and green plants begin to colonise bare rocks of the Antarctic, researchers warned.

- A. Climate has always changed. But the change now is really fast and could lead to unexpected consequences, warns the British Antarctic Survey. In 100 years' time the Southern ocean atmosphere will be warmer, with much less ice and snow on the peninsula. Green plants are already five or even ten times more common now than when explorers built the first bases.
- B. Seals and whales will change the places where they feed. The penguins are already moving south to breed (have their young), perhaps because warmer air means more snow. The penguin doesn't want to sit on a nest and have a metre of snow above it.
- C. Many Antarctic organisms are sensitive to very small changes in temperature, so if some of the more extreme changes of temperature in the sea occur, it is likely that we will have some extinctions.
- D. Antarctic is the world's last remaining wilderness region. It is larger than the US and drier than the Sahara. Parts of it are covered by up to 3,000 metres of ice and snow, and the continent stores nine tenths of the world's fresh water.
- E. The mainland is still unspoiled, but the Southern ocean has been exploited for 200 years by whalers, sealers, commercial fishermen, and most recently, tourists. Last year 13,500 tourists visited the region in cruise ships. This season the number could reach 27,000.
  - 1. Effects on climate change on animals in Antarctica
  - 2. Description of Antarctica
  - 3. Exploration of Antarctica

- 4. People in Antarctica
- 5. Changes in the climate
- 6. Animals could die out

# 3. Open the brackets and put the verbs into the proper tense form

That evening I went to have dinner with an uncle and aunt of mine. They also  $^{1)}$  ... (invite) another person, a young woman, so that there  $^{2)}$  ... (be) five people at the table. The young woman's face  $^{3)}$  ... (be) familiar, but I  $^{4)}$  ... (can't) remember where I  $^{5)}$  ... (see) it. I  $^{6)}$  ... (be) quite sure that we  $^{7)}$  ... (meet) each other before. In the course of conversation, however, the young woman  $^{8)}$  ... (happen)  $^{9)}$  ... (remark) that she  $^{10)}$  ... (lose) her purse that afternoon. I at once  $^{11)}$  ... (remember) where I  $^{12)}$  ... (see) her face. She  $^{13)}$  ... (be) the young girl in the photo, although she  $^{14)}$  ... (be) now much older. Of course she  $^{15)}$  ... (be) very surprised when I  $^{16)}$  ... (be) able  $^{17)}$  ... (describe) her purse to her.

# 4. Choose the right prefix to write down the words

	in un		im	ir	dis	
attractive	S	ociable	att	entive	ratio	nal
dependent	m	nature	hoi	nest	disc	iplined
friendly	re	esponsible	cor	nsiderate	accu	ırate

# 5. Make up the sentence from the words given

- 1) good Travelling is a see opportunity to world the.
- 2) Nowadays only travel people not for pleasure also but business on.

- 3) by Travelling air is the convenient most and means comfortable of travelling.
- 4) to Let's to go the station off see Jack.
- 5) voyage We going week on a sea next are.

## 6. Put the verb in the right tense and voice

The Tower of London ... (build) by William the Conqueror. At first it ... (be) a castle. But later it ... (use) as a palace, an armoury, a museum and even a prison. When there ... (be) a prison many people ... (lock) in the Tower. Some famous people such as Anne Boleyn and Elizabeth the First ... (shut up) there. Some prisoners ... (allow) to have servants, to walk and have comfortable rooms. Many prisoners ... (behead) with the axe. That axe ... (keep) in the Tower Armory now. Everyone ... (can come) and ... (see) it nowadays.

# 7. Match the words in the left column with the words in the right column. There is an odd variant in the right column!

- 1) Mike goes to school...
- 2) It snows...
- 3) I went to the country...
- 4) There was a good film on TV...
- 5) I do not get up early...

- a) on Sunday.
- b) yesterday.
- c) next week.
- d) six days a week.
- e) in winter.

12) inaccurate

f) last summer.

## 8. Fill the gaps with prepositions if necessary

- 1) I usually put ... warm clothes in winter.
- 2) I was in the country ... June.
- 3) There is a vase ... the table.
- 4) Mike always helps his mother ... the house.
- 5) My father takes a shower ... the morning.

## 9. Fill the gaps with articles if necessary

- 1) Pete often plays ... football at the week-end.
- 2) We are going to ... cinema tomorrow.
- 3) John is a pupil. He goes to ... school.
- 4) What do you usually do in ... evening?
- 5) Who is ... best pupil in your class?

# 10. Complete the short story. Use 10-15 sentences. Use your imagination!

Yesterday I read an interesting article about Astrology, it was about...

#### OTBETH:

- **1.** 1) for food 2) fox 3) farmers 4) 1935 5) B 6) B 7) B
- 2. A5, B1, C6, D2, E4

4) unsociable

- 3. 1) had invited 6) was 11) remembered 16) was
  - 2) were 7) had met 12) had seen 17) to describe
  - 3) was 8) happened 13) was/had been
  - 4) could not 9) to remark 14) was 5) had seen 10) had lost 15) was
- 4. 1) unattractive
  2) independent
  3) unfriendly
  5) immature
  6) irresponsible
  7) unattentive (inattentive)
  11) undisciplined

8) dishonest

- 1) Travelling is a good opportunity to see the world.
- 2) Nowadays people travel not only for pleasure but also on business.

- 3) Travelling by air is the most convenient and comfortable means of travelling.
- 4) Let's go to the station to see Jack off.
- 5) We are going on a sea voyage next week.
- 6. 1) was built
- 4) was
- 7) were allowed
- 10) can come

2) was

- 5) were locked
- 8) were beheaded
- 11) see

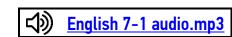
- 3) was used
- 6) were shut
- 9) is kept

- 7. 1d, 2e, 3b, 4f, 5a
- **8.** 1) on
- 2) in
- 3) on
- 4) about
- 5) in

- 9. 1) no article
- 2) the
- 3) no article
- 4) the
- 5) the

		•	2016-2017	учебный го	од		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
6.8 из 10	4.1 из 6	3.9 из 7	6.2 из 10	5.6 из 10	2.9 из 9	6.6 из 10	4.6 из 10

1.  $\bigcirc$  Listen to the text and choose  $\square$  the correct answer



- 1) Tommy went skiing for the first time ...
  - A.  $\square$  with his friends
- B.  $\square$  with his family
- C. □ alone

- 2) He ...
- A. □ was taught to ski
- B. □ learnt to ski
- C. □ didn't learn to ski

- 3) He fell over a lot because he ...
  - A.  $\square$  enjoyed it
- B.  $\square$  could ski very well
- C. □ couldn't ski

- 4) Tommy went to the mountains for ...
  - A. □ seven days
- B. □ ten days
- C. □ a month

- 5) They ... time together.
  - A. □ didn't have
- B. □ enjoyed
- C. ☐ didn't enjoy

- 6) They went down the mountain on ...
  - A.  $\square$  Skis

- B.  $\square$  skateboards
- C. □ snowboards

- 7) In the evening they ...
  - A. □ stayed at the hotel
- $\mathsf{B.} \; \square \; \mathsf{went} \; \mathsf{out} \;$
- C.  $\square$  watched TV

- 8) They liked to eat ...
  - A.  $\square$  fish and chips
- B. □ pizza
- C.  $\square$  hamburgers

- 9) They watched an ice-hockey game ...
  - A. □ at the stadium
- B.  $\square$  on TV
- C.  $\square$  at the sports centre

- 10) Tommy and his friends ... winter sports.
  - A.  $\square$  are fond of
- B. □ don't like
- C. □ are not keen on

#### Read the text and do the tasks below

#### A TRIP BY PLANE

An American farmer wanted to make an air trip. There was an airport close to his farm. So one morning he came there to ask if he could make an air trip.

"You see," he said to one of the pilots, "I have never flown before, but I would like to." The pilot told him that the price of the trip was 10 dollars for a ten-minute trip. "Oh, it's a dollar a minute," the farmer said. "Can't you reduce the price?" The pilot thought for a minute and then said, "I won't take any money if you don't say a word during the whole trip." The farmer agreed.

"By the way," said the pilot, "you may take your wife too." The farmer was happy.

The next day at three o'clock the farmer and his wife arrived at the airport. Soon they were up in the air. The plane—flew at a high speed, it went up and down very quickly, but since the passengers didn't say a word.

"You are brave people," said the pilot. "I thought you would be afraid to fly."

"Well," said the farmer, "I am glad, I will not have to pay for the trip, as I didn't have to say a word, but I wanted to speak to you when my wife fell out of the plane"

Write down whether the following statements are true or false.

- 1) The farmer didn't like the price of the trip.
- 2) It was a trip on the ship.
- 3) The farmer decided to take his wife because it could make the price of the trip less.
- 4) The price was 10 dollars for each minute.
- 5) The passengers kept silent when they were in the air.
- 6) The farmer's wife was quite well after the trip.

# 3. Fill in the gaps, using a suitable word from a box. Use each word only once. In the box there is a superfluous word which does not need to be used

church men priest prison couples stories gifts soldiers	church	men	priest	prison	couples	stories	gifts	soldiers
---	--------	-----	--------	--------	---------	---------	-------	----------

#### VALENTINE'S DAY

There are different  $^{(1)}$  ... about St. Valentine. One story says that Valentine was a roman  $^{(2)}$  ... who lived about 1800 years ago. At that time Roman  $^{(3)}$  ... were not allowed to marry. Valentine disobeyed the law and secretly married young  $^{(4)}$  ... . Valentine was then sent to prison. He died in  $^{(5)}$  ... on February 14 in 270 AD. The soldiers took him and buried him at a  $^{(6)}$  ... in Rome. If you go to Rome, you can see where he is buried. Valentine's Day is a day when people give Valentine cards,  $^{(7)}$  ... and flowers to people they love.

# 4. Choose the right variant

1) The Volga is river in the territory of Russia.								
A. 🗆 long	B. □ longer	C. $\square$ the longest						
2) birthday is it next week?								
A. □ Whose	B.   Whom	C.  Who						

### Сборник заданий Республиканской олимпиады школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина 3) Perhaps they ... a new house next year. A. □ will buy B. □ buy C. ☐ shall buy 4) Two years ... Derry bought a car. $C. \square since$ B. ☐ for A. □ ago 5) My favourite subject at school is ... Biology. C. □ − A. □ the В. □ а 6) Do you get ... letters every day? A. $\square$ much B. □ many C. □ a many 7) George plays ... the violin rather well. A. 🗆 – B. □ on $C. \square in$ 8) My elder sister is afraid ... height. A. □ − $B. \square of$ C. ☐ with 9) Jean always stays in fashion. People like ... C. ☐ her A. □ hers B. □ she 10) When a student, Mike spent two years in ... Germany. A. □ a B. □ the C. □ − Choose the right variant Jess was watching / watched TV when the TV suddenly was breaking / broke. While Dad was listening / listened to music in the car, he was driving / drove into the back of a bus! My parents were walking / walked home yesterday when they were seeing / saw an asteroid in the sky. Oliver <u>climbed</u> / <u>was climbing</u> a mountain when he <u>was dropping</u> / <u>dropped</u> his MP3 player in a river. Madonna sang / was singing when we got / were getting to the concert. Use the right variant of the word given in brackets a) The children's room is usually very.... (tidy) b) I don't think so: I ... with you. (agree) c) I usually ...the suitcases as soon as we arrive home from the airport. (pack) d) We couldn't go on holidays last year because I was ... for ten months. (employed) e) He never says anything when he comes into the room. He is very .... (polite) f) I never watch plays because I ... going to the theatre. (like) g) Their dog ... while they were walking in the park. (appeared) h) Making several copies of a CD and selling them is ... (legal)

i) He said it is ... to solve the problem and I agree with him: I can't find a solution.

(possible)

<b>7</b> .	Choose the right answer		
	1) How many countries does the United Kir	ngdom consist of?	
	a) 🗆 four	b) $\square$ three	c) 🗆 two
	2) What is the fastest way to cross the Eng	lish Channel?	
	a) $\square$ through the Channel Tunnel	b) $\square$ by boat	c) $\square$ by ferry
	3) What is the most important airport in Gr	eat Britain?	
	a) 🗆 Gatwick Airport	b) 🗆 Heathrow Airport	c) 🗆 Stansted Airport
	4) What is the highest mark in British scho	ols?	
	a) $\square$ A	b) □ C	c) 🗆 G
	5) What is the London residence of Queen I	Elizabeth II?	
	a) $\square$ the Tower of London	b) $\square$ Windsor Castle	c) $\square$ Buckingham Palace
	6) Where is Nelson's Column situated?		
	a) 🗆 in Parliament Square	b) $\square$ in Trafalgar Square	c) $\square$ in Piccadilly Circus
	7) Earth Day is celebrated:		
	a) $\square$ in winter	b) $\square$ in summer	c) $\square$ in spring
	8) The environment organization is:		
	a) 🗆 Oxfam	b) $\square$ Save the children	c) $\square$ Greenpeace
	9) Which of these cities is not in Britain?		
	a) 🗆 Charleston	b) ☐ Chester	c) $\square$ Chelmsford
	10) The Beatles came from:		
	a) 🗆 Liverpool	b) $\square$ Manchester	c) 🗆 Birmingham
8.	I would like to become a and fly to space Continue the phrase and explain (Write 10-	•	y
OTE	ВЕТЫ:		
1.	1) B 2) A 3) C 4) A 5) B 6) C 7) B 8) B	9) C 10) A	
2.	1) T 2) F 3) F 4) F 5) T 6) F		
3.	1) stories, 2) priest, 3) soldiers, 4) couples, 5)	prison, 6) church, 7) gifts	
4.	1) C 2) A 3) A 4) A 5) C 6) B 7) A 8) B	9) C 10) C	
<b>5</b> .	1) was watching broke 3) were walk 2) was listening drove 4) was climb	_	s singing got
6.	a) untidy c) unpack e) imp b) disagree d) unemployed f) dist		i) impossible
<b>7</b> .	1) a 2) a 3) b 4) a 5) c 6) b 7) c	8) c 9) a 10) a	

# ЗАДАНИЯ МУНИЦИПАЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА (МЭ)

	• 2015-2016 учебный год									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
2.9 из 6	3.5 из 4	8.9 из 19	7.5 из 14	6.2 из 10	7.6 из 10	6.8 из 10	2.4 из 5	3.5 из 5	4.3 из 10	

۷.	.9 из 6	3.5 ИЗ 4	8.9 из 19	7.5 ИЗ 14	6.Z ИЗ IU	/.6 ИЗ ТО	6.8 ИЗ Т	0 2.4 из 5	3.5 из 5	4.3 ИЗ 10
l.	Yo capita	ou will hea l of Germa	r an Englis ny. Choose	sh woman the right	called Britt answer ☑	ta giving to	an inte	rview about	her life in	Berlin, the
	1) How	long has E	Britta lived ii	n Berlin?				口》 <u>Enc</u>	<u>lish. Audio</u>	o. 7-2.mp3
		☐ Four	r years	[	☐ Six years	5		Twenty year	S	
	2) Wha	ıt does Britt	ta say abou	t living in Be	erlin?					
	<ul> <li>☐ She can't sleep at night because of the traffic noise.</li> <li>☐ She misses the museums and theatres.</li> <li>☐ She likes living in a big, busy city</li> </ul>									
	3) <i>The</i>	area of Ber	rlin where B	ritta lives						
		☐ A go	ther expens ood place to ng way fron	eat out						
	4) How	does Britte	a usually tro	avel around	Berlin?					
		☐ She	walks	[	☐ She uses	s her bicycle	e 🗆	She uses the	tram or bu	IS
	5) Britt	a says that	her nephev	v Philippe li	ikes going					
		☐ to th	ne park with	her [	$\square$ to the sh	ops with he	er 🗆	to a gallery v	vith her	
	6) Britt	a has lots d	of friends w	ho						
		□ live	near her	[	□ work wit	h her		are still in Er	ngland	
	Maral	41 4 <sup>2</sup> 41								

#### 2. Match the titles to the texts. One title is extra

A. Robots in the space
D. The medical robot
B. Houses of the next century
E. The robotic car

C. Robots that rock and roll!

- 1) With advances in technology, robots have become smarter. They help with eye surgeries and may soon even walk in space. However, no robot has ever tried to start a heavy metal rock band ... until now! The world's first robot rock band that comes from Germany has three rock'n'rolling robot members. Stickboy is the band's drummer. Fingers is a natural guitarist, thanks to his 78 fingers! Bones has a natural talent for string instruments. Now they are a 'real' band, touring the world. The band gave its debut performance in Sydney.
- 2) The Los Angeles Auto Show gave a task to auto designers to create their vision of futuristic cars. And the car capable of 'protecting and serving' the population of the future appeared. It is a police car. Of course, it is a 'green' car that takes water from tanks on the car roof and turns into gas. The car is

controlled electronically. Predicting that the cities will have even worse traffic than today, the design has three units: a main compartment for two people and two side units. If necessary, one unit can fly or continue moving on a single wheel. Everything is controlled by the driver and the units report back to him!

- 3) Evolo Magazine held an annual contest for architects and designers to present their vision of skyscrapers of the future. The participants are rewarded for the use of new materials, technology and aesthetics. 'Polar Umbrella' took the first place. It looks like an umbrella which tries to solve one of Earth's most important problems: melting ice caps. The skyscraper is designed to protect from the heat and to re-freeze ocean water. Each of the projects has one or more interesting elements that can be used in constructing buildings today and it makes a difference to our environment.
- 4) When Space Shuttle Discovery launched off to Space on February 24th, 2011, among its astronauts was the world's first humanoid robot astronaut. It was going to the International Space Station as a permanent resident. Robonaut 2 or R2 passed its first test when it measured the airflow to see that the ventilation was not blocked. The job was simple but important because it was difficult for humans to do in the microgravity. As R2 is firmly grounded to the floor and does not breathe, it was the perfect 'man' for the job. R2 may one day be ready for his real mission 'Space Walks' to perform emergency repairs.

### 3. Open the brackets and put the verbs into the proper tense form

The children stopped chattering as Miss Hughes  $^{1)}$  ... (enter) the classroom. Then they  $^{2)}$  ... (stand) up as one body and  $^{3)}$  ... (say) is a loud chorus, "Good morning, teacher." Miss Hughes  $^{4)}$  ... (smile),  $^{5)}$  ... (say) good morning and  $^{6)}$  ... (tell) the class  $^{7)}$  ... (sit) down. At a glance there  $^{8)}$  ... (seem)  $^{9)}$  ... (be) about twenty pupils in the class. The majority  $^{10)}$  ... (be) girls. She  $^{11)}$  ... (notice) several intelligent faces. All the pupils  $^{12)}$  ... (watch) her intently,  $^{13)}$  ... (wait)  $^{14)}$  ... (find) out what sort of person she  $^{15)}$  ... (be). "I  $^{16)}$  ... (suppose) you  $^{17)}$  ... (want)  $^{18)}$  ... (know) my name," she  $^{19)}$  ... (say).

# **4.** Read the text and choose the right options (A, B or C)

#### WATER - THE STUFF OF LIFE!

What would we do without water? Every <sup>1)</sup> ... thing needs water. The Earth is the only planet that has water on it, and it is the only planet known to support life.

The Earth is  $^{2)}$  ... covered with water. Over three-quarters of the  $^{3)}$  ... surface is water. Water fills oceans, seas, rivers and lakes. There is also a large amount of water that we  $^{4)}$  ... take, underground.

Most water is in liquid form, but water <sup>5)</sup> ... also exist in solid ice form, in places <sup>6)</sup> ... it is very cold. Water can also be in gas form, such as in clouds and as fog. Foggy weather means <sup>7)</sup> ... there is a lot of water in the air.

Without water,  $^{8)}$  ... on the Earth would die. All plants and animals need water  $^{9)}$  ... live. People and animals usually get their water  $^{10)}$  ... the lakes and streams around them. However, in some countries, people get their water from salty oceans and seas. They must  $^{11)}$  ... remove the salt to get drinkable water.

How  $^{12)}$  ... desert trees survive in places where there is no water? Plants and trees get their water from the ground  $^{13)}$  ... their roots. Their roots must dig deep to get the water  $^{14)}$  ... need.

Water is the stuff of life!

	Α	В	С		Α	В	С
1)	living	lived	live	8)	all	everything	nothing
2)	most	more	mostly	9)	to	for	_
3)	earth of	earth	earth's	10)	of	out	from
4)	not see	do not see	does not see	11)	at first	first	firstly
5)	could	can't	can	12)	does	do	_
5) 6)	could where	can't who	can when	12) 13)	does	do used	use

## 5. Choose the right variant

- 1) She sings ... (happy; happily).
- 2) He can ... (easy; easily) find the way.
- 3) Jake speaks French very ... (good; well).
- 4) He works ... (hardly; hard).
- 5) This work is ... (easy; easily).

- 6) Mary looks ... (beautifully; beautiful).
- 7) You are speaking too ... (fast; fastly).
- 8) I can ... (hard; hardly) understand you.
- 9) Your English is very ... (good; well).
- 10) Mary sings so ... (nice; nicely)!

## 6. Still or yet?

- 1) Is it ... snowing?
- 2) Has it finished ...?
- 3) I haven't eaten ....
- 4) She is ... looking for a job.
- 5) The bus hasn't come ....

- 6) Have you done it ...?
- 7) They are ... eating.
- 8) It hasn't stopped raining ....
- 9) She is ... in bed.
- 10) She hasn't got up ....

# 7. Complete the questions

- 1) He's waiting for you, ...
- 2) There are seven days in a week, ...
- 3) I'm not late, ...
- 4) These colours are pretty, ...
- 5) Her reasons weren't very good, ...
- 6) The doctor wasn't in his office, ...
- 7) The lights were very bright, ...
- 8) The idea is interesting, ...
- 9) There were a lot of books on the table,  $\dots$
- 10) The hole isn't deep, ...

- a) weren't they?
- b) is it?
- c) am I?
- d) weren't there?
- e) isn't he?
- f) were they?
- a) isn't it?
- h) aren't there?
- i) aren't they?
- j) was he?

## 8. Put down the correct answer

- 1) Will you take ... in our performance?
  - a) a part
- b) part
- c) party
- d) parts

- 2) Ann always ... me funny stories.
  - a) tells
- b) speaks
- c) says
- d) talks

- 3) Tom has never been to the theatre, ... he?
  - a) has
- b) hasn't
- c) does
- d) did
- 4) ... Smiths are interested in the history of film making.
  - a) -
- b) Some
- c) The
- d) A

- 5) Bob never tells ... lie.
  - a) -
- b) the
- c) a
- d) any

# 9. Fill in the gaps with the verbs tell, say, speak in the proper form

- 1) Let's ... English!
- 2) Can you ... me the way to the railway station?
- 3) It is late. It is time to ... good night now.
- 4) ... me about your latest journey.
- 5) It is not easy to ... the truth.

## 10. Please write a small essay about your most favourite book! Write down about 15 sentences. Be creative!

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

1. 1) Four years

- 4) She uses her bicycle
- 2) She likes living in a big, busy city
- 5) to a gallery with her

3) A good place to eat out

- 6) live near her
- 2. 1) C 2) E 3) B 4) A
- 1) entered
- 5) said
- 9) to be
- 13) waiting
- 17) want

19) said

- 2) stood
- 6) told
- 10) were 11) noticed
- 14) to find
- 18) to know

- 3) said 4) smiled
- 7) to sit 8) seemed
- 12) watched
- 15) was
- 16) suppose

- 3) C 1) A 4.
- 5) C
- 7) A
- 9) A
- 11) A 13) A
- 2) C 4) B 6) A 8) B 10) C
- 12) B 14) C
  - 7) fast
- 9) good

- **5.** 1) happily 2) easily
- 3) well 4) hard
- 5) easy 6) beautiful

5) c

- 8) hardly
- 10) nicely

1) still 2) yet

1) speak 2) tell

- 3) yet
- 4) still
- 5) yet 6) yet
- 7) still 8) yet
- 10) yet 9) still

- 3) c
- 4) j
- 5) f 6) j
- 7) a 8) g
- 9) d 10) b

1) e 8. 1) b

7.

9.

2) a

2) h

- 3) a
- 4) c

3) say

- 4) tell
- 5) tell

<ul> <li>• 2016-2017 учебный год</li> </ul>								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
3.6 из 6	2.9 из 5	5.2 из 10	15 из 25	3.7 из 5	2.6 из 10	3.6 из 9	4.8 из 10	

1. You will hear the conversation between a boy, Marcus and a girl, Catherine, about their homework. Decide if each sentence is correct (True) or incorrect (False)

	∜) <u>English</u>	7-2 audio.mp3
1) Catherine finds it hard to understand why Marcus has so much homework	A. True	e B. False
2) Marcus agrees that he could change his weekend activities.	A. True	e B. False
3) Catherine thinks visiting the museum was a good experience for Marcus.	A. True	e B. False
4) Catherine offers to show Marcus the maths homework she has already do	ne. A. True	e B. False

5) Marcus worries that his teacher might be angry if Catherine helps him. A. True B. False 6) After talking to Catherine, Marcus feels more confident about his homework. A. True B. False

# 2. Read the text and questions below it. For each question, choose the correct letter A, B, C or D ROCK BAND

Two years ago, our 14-year-old son, Ben, asked us for a set of drums for his birthday. At first, we were very much against the idea because of the noise. "It's better than watching TV or playing computer games in my free time, "Ben argued, "and it'll keep me out of trouble." In the end we gave in. "All right, "we said, "but you must consider the rest of the family and the neighbors when they play."

That was just the beginning. Because drums are not the easiest instruments to transport, the other members of Ben's band started appearing at our home with their guitars and other electrical equipment. And so, for several hours a week, the house shakes to the noise of their instruments and their teenage singing.

At least Ben's hobby has been good for our health: whenever the band start practicing, my husband and I go out for a long walk. And I must admit that, although their music may sound a little strange, they are a friendly and polite group of young men. I cannot judge their musical skill- after all I didn't expect my parents' generation to like the same music as I did when I was a teenager-but they do play regularly in local clubs for young people.

Our main worry is that they won't spend enough time on their school work because of their musical activities, though this hasn't happened yet. I am always stressing to Ben how important his studies are. But one thing is certain-Ben was right: it has kept him out of trouble and his never bored.

	3	3	,	,
1) <i>WI</i>	hat is the writer trying to	o do in the tex	rt?	
	A. □ complain about B. □ give advice to te		ends	C. □ describe her son's hobby D. □ compare herself with her parents
2) <i>WI</i>	hy did the writer give Be	n the present	he wanted:	?
	B. [ C. [	□ He already □ She knew h	had too ma ne would us	him for working hard. ny computer games. e it sensibly. ould be a good idea.
3) <i>Wl</i>	hy do the band always p	ractice at Bei	n's house?	
	A. □ It is difficult to n B. □ The neighbors d			C. $\square$ Ben's parents enjoy listening to them. D. $\square$ They can leave their equipment there.

#### Сборник заданий Республиканской олимпиады школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина 4) What does the writer say about the band members? A. Their influence on her son worries her. C. They play their instruments well. B. \( \subseteq \text{ Their taste in music is different from hers.} \) D. They avoid any contact with her. 5) What might the writer say to her son? A. \(\sigma\) "Your teacher has just phoned. He wants to know why you weren't at school today" B. "When are you playing at the club next? Dad and I would love to come along again" C. "If you don't know what to do with yourself, there's a good program on TV in a few minutes" D. ☐ "Are you sure you've finished your homework? It's more important than band practice" Read the text below and choose the correct word (A, B, C or D) for each space. TOM CRUISE Tom Cruise is one of the (1) ... successful actors in cinema history, life hasn't always been that easy for him. As a young boy, Tom was shy and had (2) ... in finding friends, although he really enjoyed (3) ... part in school plays. (3) ... he had finished High school, Tom went to New York to look for work. He found employment as a porter, and at the same time he (4) ... drama classes. In 1980, the film director Franco Zeffirelli (5) ... Tom his first part in a film. Ten years later, he had become (6) ... successful that he was one of the highest-paid actors in Hollywood, (7) ... millions of dollars for (8) ... film. Today, Tom (9) ... appears in films and is as (10) ... as ever with his thousands of fans from all around the world. C. ☐ fear 1) A. □ worry B. □ problem D. ☐ difficulty B. □ holding C. □ taking 2) A. $\square$ making D. ☐ finding C. ☐ After D. Until 3) A. While B. During C. □ attended D. ☐ happened 4) A. □ prepared B. □ waited B. □ offered C. □ tried D. □ advised 5) A. □ suggested A. □ so C. $\square$ too D. □ verv 6) B. □ such C. ☐ winning D. □ reaching 7) A. $\square$ paying B. □ earning A. □ another C. □ each D. □ some 8) B. □ all C. □ already D. ☐ still 9) A. □ yet B. □ ever B. □ favourite C. □ preferred D. □ approved 10) A. □ popular Choose the correct item 1) If taxi arrives ... you will miss your flight. b) $\square$ lateness c) $\square$ late a) □ lately 2) Although she is very popular she is not ... her sister. a) □ pretty c) □ prettier than b) □ as pretty

3) Do you know the man ... was hurt in the accident?

4) I would like to leave a message for ... if I may.

5) Let's buy our tickets while I still have ... left.

6) We haven't had ... news.

# АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК | 7 класс

b)  $\square$  them

b) ☐ much

b)  $\square$  whom c)  $\square$  who

c) 

their

c)  $\square$  some

c)  $\square$  a little dollars

a)  $\square$  which

a) □ a few moneyb) □ a little money

a)  $\square$  they

a)  $\square$  many

	Сборник заданий Республиканской олимпиады школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина					
	7) I've looked for my pen but I can't find it		a) □ anywho b) □ everyw		ı □ (ɔ	nowhere
	8) Please, take German book you like.		a) $\square$ some	b) 🗆 1	few	c) $\square$ any
	9) Your sister used to visit you very often,	?	a) □ didn't s b) □ doesn't		c) 🗆 ł	hadn't she
	10) Today's weather isn't as cold as it was y	vesterday,?	a) □ wasn't b) □ was it	it	c) □ i	is it
	11) Our team best on their own ground.		a) 🗌 play	b) 🗌 <sub> </sub>	plays	c) $\square$ is playing
	12) Our holidays are June.		a) 🗆 in	b) 🗆 a	at	c) $\square$ on
	13) Whose is that big house? It's		a) 🗆 her	b) 🗌 l	hers	c) $\square$ to her
	14) The story is really		a) □ shockir b) □ shocke	•		shock
	15) She is clever to do her work herself.		a) 🗆 too	b) 🗆 (	enough	c) $\square$ also
	16) Jane doesn't have tonight.		<ul><li>a) □ many homeworks</li><li>b) □ much homework</li><li>c) □ many homework</li></ul>			
	17) My hair very dirty, I must wash		a) □ is…it b) □ are…th		c) 🗌 i	isn'tit
	18) No one could find Nick		a) □ somew b) □ anywhe		ı 🗆 (ɔ	nowhere
	19) late.		a) $\square$ Not be	b) 🔲	Be not	c) 🗆 Don't be
	20) The pens are on the desk.		a) □ children b) □ children		c) chil	dren's
	21) This is the best film I have seen.		a) 🗆 still	b) 🗌 ı	never	c) $\square$ ever
	22) My aunt's geese nice and white.		a) 🗆 is	b) 🗆 a	are	c) $\square$ was
	23) Biology is		a) □ science b) □ the scie			a science of life
	24) Let me give you		a) □ the adv b) □ an advi		c) 🗆 s	some advice
	25) A number of students going on a tour		a) 🗆 is	b) 🗆 a	are	c) 🗆 –
<b>5.</b>	SPACE IDIOMS. Find the right translation	:				
	<ol> <li>To promise the earth (the moon)</li> <li>To be on another planet</li> <li>Once in a blue moon</li> <li>Out of this world</li> <li>Come down to earth</li> </ol>	С) как будто с	му-либо нево другой плане с небес на зем	ЗМОЖНО ЭТЫ, НЕ С	ре, сули от мира	ть золотые горы

# 6. Use the right form of the word given in capital letters

- 1) ... (STAR) is ultimate ambition of most young singers and ... (SING)
- 2) ... (NECESSARY) is the mother of ... (INVENT)
- 3) Greece won European ... (CHAMPION)
- 4) What's the secret of your ... (SUCCEED)
- 5) Scientists are ... (INVESTIGATE) the ways in which climate changes ... (EFFECT) the ozone.
- 6) One should save something for a ... (RAIN) day.
- 7) My son was a gentle, ... (OBEY) soul.

## 7. Find the right work of the author

- 1) R. Kipling
- 2) D. Defoe
- 3) Aesop
- 4) J.M. Barrie
- 5) L.F. Baum
- 6) Jack London
- 7) Arthur Conan Doyle
- 8) A.A. Milne
- 9) L. Carroll

- A) "The Wonderful Wizard of Oz"
- B) "Peter Pan"
- C) "Rikki-Tikki-Tavi"
- D) "Winnie-the-Pooh"
- E) "Fables"
- F) "White Fang"
- G) "The Lost World"
- H) "Robinson Crusoe"
- I) "Through the Looking Glass"

# 8. What books would you recommend a young person who wants to become a cosmonaut? Why? Please write a short essay (12-15 sentences)

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- 1. 1) B 2) B 3) A 4) B 5) A 6) B
- **2.** 1) C 2) D 3) A 4) B 5) D
- 3. 1) D 2) C 3) C 4) C 5) B 6) A 7) B 8) C 9) D 10) A
- 4. 1) c 3) c 5) b 7) a 9) a 11) b/a 13) b 15) b 17) a 19) c 21) c 23) b 25) b
  - 2) c 4) b 6) b 8) c 10) c 12) a 14) a 16) b 18) b 20) c 22) b 24) c
- 5. 1) B 2) C 3) E 4) A 5) D
- **6.** 1) Stardom ... singer 3) Championship 5) investigating...affect
  - 2) Necessity ... invention 4) success 6) rainy
- 7. 1) C 2) H 3) E 4) B 5) A 6) F 7) G 8) D 9) I

# ЗАДАНИЯ РЕСПУБЛИКАНСКОГО ЭТАПА (РЭ)

	<ul> <li>• 2015-2016 учебный год</li> </ul>										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
3.6 из 6	3.1 из 4	9.5 из 21	3.6 из 7	3.2 из 12	3.4 из 7	3.5 из 10	2.8 из 5	3.2 из 5	5.5 из 10		

7) Obedient

# 1. You will hear a conversation between a boy, Carl and a girl, Susanna about a school concert. Decide if each sentence correct or incorrect

ば) Eng

English. Audio. 7-3.mp3

- 1) Susanna feels shy about playing her violin un public.
- 2) Carl and Susanna share the same opinion about practising their instruments regularly.
- 3) Susanna's parents refuse to allow her to give up violin lessons.
- 4) Carl's aim is to have a career in music.
- 5) Susanna thinks she would enjoy working in another country.
- 6) Carl persuades Susanna to take part in the concert.

#### 2. Read the text and do the task below

One day Mr. and Mrs. Brown went up to London to do some shopping. They had a busy day, though in the end they did not buy very much, and by about four o'clock they were both looking forward to having a cup of tea. They found a restaurant, but just before they went in, Mrs. Brown remembered that she had to buy some medicine for their son who had a bad cough.

While she was in the chemist's, her husband noticed a bookshop on the other side of the street. He went across to have a look in the window and saw a copy of a novel which had wanted to buy for a long time. So he went in and bought the book.

After they had had their cup of tea, they caught the train back to the seaside town where they lived. When they were in their compartment they met their neighbour who noticed the book that Mr. Brown had bought. As he opened the book his eyes lit up. He asked Mr. Brown how much he had paid for the book. Mr. Brown told him: only a few shillings. The man said that he was very lucky: the book was a rare edition and was worth several pounds.

# Write down whether the following statements are true or false

- 1) The Browns bought a lot of things in London.
- 2) Mr. Brown brought his book by chance.
- 3) Mr. Brown showed his neighbour the book he had bought.
- 4) The book was worth much more than Mr. Brown had paid for it.

# 3. Open the brackets and put the verbs into the proper tense form

Once a philosopher was travelling down a river in a small boat. While he <sup>1)</sup> ... (*cross*) the river he <sup>2)</sup> ... (*ask*) the boatman, "<sup>3)</sup> ... you ... (*hear*) about Philosophy?" "No," <sup>4)</sup> ... (*say*) the boatman. "I <sup>5)</sup> ... (*be*) sorry for you," replied the learned man. "You <sup>6)</sup> ... (*lose*) a quarter of your life because it is a very interesting science!" Several minutes later the philosopher asked the boatman another question: "<sup>7)</sup> ... you ... (*hear*) about Astronomy, when you <sup>8)</sup> ... (*be*) at school?" "No, I <sup>9)</sup> ... (*forget*) all about it," was the answer. To this the philosopher answered that he <sup>10)</sup> ... (*be*) really sorry for the man, and he <sup>11)</sup> ... (*think*) that the boatman <sup>12)</sup> ... (*lose*) a second quarter of his life. Some minutes passed and the passenger again <sup>13)</sup> ... (*wonder*) if the man <sup>14)</sup> ... ever ... (*hear*) about Algebra. And the man had to admit that he <sup>15)</sup> ... never ... (*know*) anything about it. "In that case you <sup>16)</sup> ... certainly ... (*lose*) a third quarter of your life!" said the scientist. At that very moment the boat <sup>17)</sup> ... (*strike*) on a big stone. The boatman jumped and <sup>18)</sup> ... (cry), "<sup>19)</sup> ... ever ... (*lose*) his whole life as the boat <sup>21)</sup> ... (*sink*).

4.	Choose the correct answer					
	1) He travels to Spain every m	onth.				
	□ other	$\square$ another		$\square$ the oth	er	
	2) One city Polly wants to visit is	Venice, is Rome.				
	□ other	$\square$ the other		$\square$ anothe	r	
	3) Caroline talked to Kate day.					
	$\square$ another	$\square$ the others		$\square$ the oth	er	
	4) Please, give me ten pounds					
	$\square$ another	$\square$ the other		$\square$ other		
	5) Some places in this book are I	ooring while are intere	sting.			
	$\square$ the others	$\square$ another		$\square$ others		
	6) We haven't finished the work.	We need two hours.				
	$\square$ the other	$\square$ another	□ another			
	7) Tania has been in only three co	ountries. One is Nepal, ar	nd are	India and Chi	na.	
	□ others	$\square$ another		$\square$ the oth	ers	
<b>5</b> .	Fill in the correct word from the	ne list (1-12) and match	to the	correct noun	in the list a-l	
	1) atmosphere		a)		mountains	
	2) vendors		p) _	unonoilt	holidays	
	3) memorable 4) bustling		c) d)	unspoilt ancient		
	5) divers		e)	<u> </u>	spot	
	6) snow-capped		f) _		markets	
	7) peaceful 8) shallow		g)	street	otrooto	
	8) shallow 9) coastline		h) i)		streets charm	
	10) quaint		j) _	colonial		
	11) cobbled		k)	cliff		
	12) ruins		l)		water	
6.	Choose the correct answer					
	1) My friend promised he me i	n a week.				
	☐ will visit	☐ would be visiti	ng	□ would	visit	
	2) Sue said she for us for half	an hour.				
	☐ would wait	☐ had been waiti	ng	□ was wa	aiting	
	3) Everybody wanted to know wh	ny they their relationsh	ip.			
	$\square$ destroyed	$\square$ had destroyed		☐ have d	estroyed	

#### 4) All wanted to know what ... to Bill. ☐ has happened ☐ had happened ☐ will happen 5) Our relatives wrote they ... by the end of the week. ☐ would arrive ☐ would have arrived ☐ have arrived 6) We saw that she ... the text. ☐ has translated ☐ is translating ☐ was translating 7) Frank said to us that he ... that man before. ☐ would never seen ☐ has never seen ☐ had never seen 7. Fill in: for, in, of, to, with, at, from, then choose five phrases and make up sentences using them 1) variety ... smth 6) to fall in love ... smth 7) located ... the heart ... the country 2) dating back ... 3) built ... stones 8) renowned ... 9) to marvel ... smth 4) ready ... smth 5) ... the foot ... smth 10) to leap ... high cliffs 8. Choose the correct answer 1) If I ... you, I wouldn't lie to my best friend. □ was $\square$ am □ were 2) If mum hadn't been sleeping, I ... her to the telephone. ☐ would have called ☐ will call ☐ would call 3) He will be disappointed if I .... ☐ didn't come ☐ won't come ☐ don't come 4) Do you think it ... possible for them to coexist in the same flat next week. ☐ would have been ☐ will have been ☐ would be 5) Tania is busy right now, but if she ..., she would help me. □ isn't □ weren't ☐ didn't Underline the correct word 1) Despite the teacher's best efforts, the students were **all in a** *fog/cloud* at the end of the lesson. 2) I'm afraid I have to cast a cloud/fog over the celebration and give you some bad news. 3) This is a sad time for everyone, but if we pull together we will **weather the** *storm/snow*. 4) We should be safe here. After all, thunder/lightning never strikes in the same place twice. 5) It's a beautiful day! We might as well **make hay while the sun** *shines/brightens* and go to the beach for a picnic. 10. Please write your own opinion on the following

Сборник заданий Республиканской олимпиады школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина

There are many well-known people, please deci

There are many well-known people; please decide whose name you would give to the planet you have discovered and it is up to you to give the name to it. Explain WHY? (Write about 12-17 sentences)

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- 1. 1B, 2B, 3A, 4B, 5A, 6B
- 2. 1) False, 2) True, 3) True, 4) True
- 3. 1) was crossing, 2) asked, 3) have ... heard, 4) said, 5) am, 6) have lost, 7) did ... hear (have ... heard), 8) were, 9) forgot, 10) was, 11) thought, 12) had lost, 13) wondered, 14) had ... heard, 15) had ... known, 16) have ... lost, 17) struck, 18) cried, 19) have ... learnt, 20) had lost, 21) was sinking
- 4. 1) other, 2) another, 3) the other, 4) another, 5) the others, 6) another, 7) the others
- 5. a) snow-capped, b) memorable, c) coastline, d) ruins, e) peaceful, f) bustling, g) vendors, h) cobbled, i) quaint, j) atmosphere, k) divers, l) shallow
- **6.** 1) would visit, 2) had been waiting, 3) had destroyed, 4) had happened, 5) would have arrived, 6) was translating, 7) had never seen
- 7. 1) of, 2) to, 3) of, 4) for, 5) at ... of, 6) with, 7) in ... of, 8) for, 9) at, 10) from
- 8. 1) were (was), 2) would have called, 3) don't come, 4) would be, 5) weren't
- **9.** 1) fog, 2) cloud, 3) storm, 4) lightning, 5) shines

	<ul> <li>2016-2017 учебный год</li> </ul>								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
0.4 из 3	7.4 из 10	4.3 из 6	6.6 из 10	2.3 из 5	3.4 из 6	2.4 из 9	7 из 10		

English 7-3 audio.mp3
-----------------------

- 1)  $\square$  Not being the first man to walk on the moon
- 2) 

  Not going back into space
- 3) 

  Not seeing space travel become routine
- 4) Not seeing men on Mars by the year 2000
- 5) ☐ Coming back to Earth
- 6)  $\ \square$  Not coping well with his personal problems
- 7) ☐ Resigning from NASA
- 8) 

  Marrying again

# 2. Read the article and match (1-10) with G (Gagarin), E (Einstein) or J (Jobs)

Who ...

- was disappointed with how his work was used?
- made something that could be used by the average person?
- developed something new?
- became famous overnight?
- paved the way for others?
- did something that could have been dangerous for him?
- received an important award?
- achieved his dream?

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_
- 2)
- 3) 4)
- 3) \_\_\_\_\_4) \_\_\_\_
- 6) 7)
- 8) \_\_\_\_\_
- 9) \_\_\_\_\_

#### PEOPLE WHO CHANGED THE WORLD

#### YURI GAGARIN (G)

"I see the Earth. It's so beautiful." These are the first word ever spoken by a human in space. The speaker was 27-year-old Soviet cosmonaut Yuri Gagarin.

Yuri Gagarin was born on 9March 1934, in Smolensk, Russia. When he left school, Yuri decided to train as an engineer, so he enrolled at a technical college on the outskirts of Moscow. While he was a student, he became interested in aircraft and took lessons at a local flying school. Soon it became obvious he was a talented pilot, so when he finished his studies in 1955, he joined the Soviet Air Force. This proved to be a turning point in his life. He was chosen to be a test-pilot, flying new and experimental aircraft. Yuri was selected to join a special group of the country's best test pilots and went on to further training to be a cosmonaut. His instructors described him as very calm and confident with very quick reactions.

Yuri's epic one-hundred-and-eight-minute flight into space on 12 April 1961, made headline news all over the world. It was man's first venture into space and the beginning of his journey to the stars. As the pilot of the spaceship, Gagarin proved that a human could survive lift-off, re-entry and weightlessness and return safely to Earth. What's more, he was able to record important data which future astronauts would use.

Yuri Gagarin became a national hero. Unfortunately, he was tragically killed seven years later in a plane crash.

### **ALBERT EINSTEIN** (E)

Albert Einstein is one of the most gifted scientists of all time. He is best known for his theory of relativity, which he developed when he was only twenty six and which changed the way scientists looked at space and time. Einstein was born on 14 March, in Ulm, Wurttenberg, Germany. He studied Mathematics and Physic at Zurich University and continued to live in Switzerland after finishing his studies. He worked in an office, but spent his spare time doing scientific research and experiments.

He became professor of Zurich University in 1909, but even before that his research had made him an important force in the world of Physics. In 1921 he won the Nobel Prize in Physics.

Einstein's genius changed the course of history, since it was central to the development of atomic energy. Einstein was an outspoken believer in world peace, however, and he was deeply saddened when he realized the outcome of his research would be an atom bomb. He said at that time, "If only I had known, I'd have become a watchmaker." On 1933 Einstein accepted a position for life a professor at Princeton University. He lived there, dedicated to the study of physics until his death in 1955.

## STEVE JOBS (J)

In 1975, Steve Jobs founded Apple Computer, a company that revolutionized the personal computer.

Born in 1955, Steve grew up in Silicon Valley, California. He dropped out of college after the first term and took a job as a video game designer. Here he met up with an old friend, Steve Wozniak, and together they founded Apple.

The pair built their first computer in Jobs' parents' garage. A local electronics shop bought fifty of these computers and the company was on its way to success. The company's second mode, Apple II, changed the computer industry forever by making computers smaller and more user-friendly, so they could be used by ordinary people. Both charming and demanding, Jobs managed to push Apple Computer to the head of the computer revolution.

Steve Jobs' visionary designs changed people's idea of computer. "We started out to get a computer in the hands of everyday people, and we succeeded beyond our wildest dreams," he once said.

3.	Choose the correct mean	ing				
	1) Experimental	A. $\square$ new and being teste	d B. □ used in t	est		
	2) Epic	A. $\square$ dangerous	B. □ impressi	ive		
	3) Venture	A. ☐ sth done for the first B. ☐ sth new, exciting an				
	4) Data	A. □ collection	B. $\square$ informat	ion		
	5) Revolutionized	A. □ caused great change	es B. □ started s	something		
	6) Lift-off	A. ☐ when a rocket leave B. ☐ when a rocket leave	· ·			
4.	For questions 1-10 read	the text below and choos	e A, B, C, or D in the gaps			
		FATHERS AN	ID SONS			
	are <sup>(2)</sup> The boys' fathers hard work meant that both like their fathers. Harry and leave the club. Later, Harmanager. Frank junior <sup>(6)</sup> and played for Liverpool. Jowhen they can. But they assisters.	used to take them to the f n boys became very good (indexing footberry became the manager them and played for West armie and Frank are friends ren't married to two sister	Fir sons, Frank Lampard junion football field after school and with all for West Ham in the 1980 of West Ham and Frank set Ham (7) Jamie went to the conjust like their fathers and (8) s. Jamies's wife is (9) pop s	make them <sup>(3)</sup> All the have played for England Os. However, they didn't enior became assistant other side of the country spending time together tar who hasn't got <sup>(10)</sup>		
	<ol> <li>A. □ had</li> <li>A. □ cousins</li> </ol>	B. □ did B. □ nephews	C. □ were C. □ brothers-in-laws	D. □ went D. □ uncles		
	3) A. □ trained	B. □ train	C. 🗆 training	D. □ trains		
	4) A. □ at	B. □ to	C. □ with	D. □ on		
	5) A. □ continued	B. □ stopped	C. □ began	D. □ missed		
	6) A. □ attended	B. □ added	C. □ shared	D. □ joined		
	7) A. □ so 8) A. □ enjoy	B. □ but B. □ want	C. □ because C. □ decide	D. □ also D. □ agree		
	9) A. □ the	B. $\square$ one	C. □ a	D. □ agree D. □ that		
	10) A. □ some	B. □ no	C. □ few	D. □ any		
<b>5</b> .	Fill in the gaps using the	following words:		·		
Invented, discovered, changed, improved, developed						
	1) The Wright brothers	the world when they flew t	he first plane in 1903.			
	2) The invention of radar h	nas navigation system ar	nd safety at sea.			
	3) Alexander Fleming p	enicillin by accident.				
	4) In 1838, Lous Daguerre	the first practical proces	s of photography.			
5) The TV was by John Logie Baird in 1926.						

### 6. Put the following words into the text:

Solar cells, computer, telescope, space shuttle, antenna, satellite dishes

Hundreds of satellites orbit the Earth and transmit information that makes our lives better. There are special instruments on all satellites which help them to work properly. All satellites have  $a(n)^{1)}$  ... which receives signals and sends them back to  $a(n)^{2)}$  ... on Earth. Satellites also have  $a(n)^{3)}$  ... that collect energy from the Sun as well as a  $a(n)^{4)}$  ... to run everything. Satellites which study the planets have a  $a(n)^{5)}$  ... and weather satellites have cameras. Some satellite are launched into pace by rocket and other are carried by the  $a(n)^{5)}$  ...

## 7. Fill in the gaps with the right form of the word given in capital letters

1)	are trying to find another Earth in the endless universe.	SCIENCE
2)	joined their efforts to ensure peace on the planet.	POLITIC
3)	Electronic readers will printed books in the future.	PLACE
4)	The dinosaurs from Earth millions of years ago.	APPEAR
5)	He forgave his son's behavior.	MATURE
6)	Your foreign passport is without a visa.	VALID
7)	They are producing energy from materials.	ORGANIC
8)	While some countries get richer, the in others get worse.	POOR
9)	Travel the mind.	BROAD

8. Please write an essay on the following theme: You are to organize a space expedition. People of what professions would your team consist of? (There are only ten places). Why would you involve people of these professions and what work would you do in space? (13-15 sentences)

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- 1. 3, 4 and 6
- 2. 1) E 2) J 3) E/J 4) J/E 5) G 6) G/E 7) E/G 8) G 9) E 10) J
- 3. 1) A 2) B 3) B 4) B 5) A 6) A
- 4. 1) C 2) A 3) B 4) A 5) B 6) A 7) B 8) A 9) C 10) D
- 5. 1) changed, 2) improved, 3) discovered, 4) invented, 5) developed
- 6. 1) antenna, 2) satellite dishes, 3) solar cells, 4) computer, 5) telescope, 6) space shuttle
- 7. 1) Scientists, 2) Politicians, 3) replace, 4) disappeared, 5) immature, 6) invalid, 7) non-organic, 8) poverty, 9) broadens

# 8 класс

# ЗАДАНИЯ ШКОЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА (ШЭ)

• 2015-2016 учебный год									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3.9 из 6	3 из 5	5.2 из 10	2.8 из 7	4.3 из 5	4.9 из 7	3.1 из 9	3.4 из 5	7.1 из 8	4.5 из 10

1.		You will hear the talk betw	veen two friends.		<b>A</b> S			
		r questions 1-6 choose the r		English. Audio. 8-1.MP3				
	1) Who is Tricia going to Italy with?			<ul><li>☐ She is going with her brother Dick</li><li>☐ She is going with a friend of hers</li><li>☐ She is going with her sister</li></ul>				
	2)	How is Tricia going to get to t	he airport?	<ul><li>☐ She is going to take a taxi</li><li>☐ She is going to ask her father to drive her there</li><li>☐ Her brother is giving her a lift</li></ul>				
	3)	What is Tricia going to do in I	taly?	$\square$ She is going t	<ul> <li>☐ She is going to study painting and Italian</li> <li>☐ She is going to dance all the evenings</li> <li>☐ She is going to sunbathe on the beach</li> </ul>			
	4)	How does Greg expect to rea	ch Greece?	☐ He is flying to☐ He is catching☐ He is driving t	g a ferry			
	5) How much time is Greg going to s France?		g to spend in	☐ He is going to	one night in France two nights in France a week in France			
	6)	What is Greg going to do on t Greece?	he first week in	☐ He is going to☐ He is going to☐ He is going to☐	visit D	•		
2.	Lo	ok at the sign in each questi	on and mark ☑ nex	t to the correct ex	xplana	tion		
	1)	Do not touch pottery, ask shop assistant to serve you	☐ Put pottery back☐ If you want to pio☐ Pay for the potte☐ If no shop assista	ck up the pottery, fi ry before you toucl	ind an a h it	•		
	2)	Any lost luggage left here after two weeks is sold	☐ We will look afte	gage away if it is no r your luggage for	two we	cted after two weeks eeks if you pay a fee kimum of two weeks		
•	3)	Choose a pair of shoes free when you buy a coat today	☐ All shoes are at r☐ You are given so☐ We have shoes t☐ You can get a dis	me shoes if you bu o match the coat w	ve sell	·		
	4)	Check with the waiter before sitting down as some tables are reserved	☐ Ask a waiter whi☐ Ask a waiter if yo☐ It is essential to o☐ It is advisable to	ou want to reserve	a table ore you	ı arrive		

	C	борник заданий Республика	нской олим	ипиады ц	ікольников на	Кубок имени Ю.А.	Гагарина		
	5)	We can also print your cheque for you	☐ You mu ☐ You ma	st use you y cash you	r cheque at this r credit card if y Ir cheque at this o write your owr	ou pay here			
3.	Read the text below and choose the correct word for each space. Fill in the space with a appropriate word								
	Weather influences the lives of everyone. The climate of any country depends on its position on Earth, its <sup>1)</sup> from the sea and how high it is. In countries which have sea all <sup>2)</sup> them, like Britain, New Zealand, winters are mild and summers are cool. There is not a huge change from one season to <sup>3)</sup> Countries near the Equator have hot weather all year with some 4) rain, except in deserts where it rains <sup>5)</sup> little. Above the desert there are no clouds in the sky so the <sup>6)</sup> of the sun can easily warm the ground during the day but it gets very cold at night. People are always <sup>7)</sup> in unusual weather and pictures of tornadoes, for example, are shown on television. Strong winds and rain can <sup>8)</sup> a lot of damage to buildings and in spite of modern <sup>9)</sup> of weather forecasting they can <sup>10)</sup> surprise us.								
		1) distance, space, depth, le 2) through, beside, around, i 3) next, another, later, other 4) hard, large, heavy, great 5) not, quite, more, very	near		6) heat, fire, light, temperature 7) attracted, interested, keen, excited 8) make, happen, have, cause 9) jobs, tools, methods, plans 10) yet, still, already, ever				
4.		omplete the following sentendemember to change the words)	ces with the	e correct f	form of the wo	rds given below.			
	1) My mother was such an person, always busy always in a hurry. 2) I made a stupid and so things didn't turn out as planned. 3) I'd like to do it this time. I hope you don't mind. 4) If you ate more food, you wouldn't have all these problems with your skin. 5) I want to be an important when I grow up. 6) He's at mending things. I'll just have to do it myself. 7) It is almost impossible to actually measure								
	E	NERGY SCIENCE CA	LCULATE	USE	DIFFERENT	INTELLIGENT	HEALTH		
5.	Fi	ind the Russian equivalents of	f the follow	ing Englis	sh proverbs				
	1) All cats are grey in the dark 2) The bait hides the hook 3) A bird may be known by its song 4) Small rain lays great dust 5) A cat may look at a king  A. Видна птица по полету  В. За погляд денег не берут С. Ночью все кошки серы  D. Посеешь дождь, пожнешь бурю  E. Мягко стелет, да жестко спать								
5.	C	hoose the correct word							
		1) The woman $\Box$ $lc$	<i>nid ∕</i> □ <i>lay</i> th	ne sleeping	child on the sof	a.			
		2) The person who	travels with	you is a □	] company / $\square$ c	companion.			
		3) Go and $\Box$ reply/	□ answer.						

Сборник заданий Республиканск	ой олимпиады школ	тыников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина							
4) He □ arrangement	$/\square$ $arranged$ his books	s in the bookcase.							
5) This □ <i>announce</i> /□ <i>announcement</i> surprised us very much.									
6) We were $\square$ astonished $\square$ surprised to hear that he had passed his exam.									
7) The message was $\Box$	□ brought /□ delivered	f by hand.							
Choose the correct variant									
<ol> <li>I have three dogs. □ All / □ Eve being brushed.</li> </ol>	<i>ry</i> of them love going f	for walk, but $\square$ <i>none</i> / $\square$ <i>neither</i> of them likes							
2) You can borrow □ either / □ eac	ch the Renault or the Ro	over. They're $\square$ <i>all</i> $/\square$ <i>both</i> in the garage.							
3) My two daughters are □ <i>each</i> / maths at all.	3) My two daughters are $\square$ <i>each</i> / $\square$ <i>both</i> good at languages, but $\square$ <i>none</i> / $\square$ <i>neither</i> of them can define the content of the cont								
4) I've got thirty people in my class,	and $\square$ every / $\square$ each	student is special to me.							
5) I have □ any / □ no idea how I gone.	spend all my money. <i>F</i>	At the end of $\square$ $\mathit{every}  /  \square$ $\mathit{either}$ month, it's al							
Choose the correct verb form in Active or Passive Voice									
1) Clothes at laundry every wee	ek.								
$\square$ was washed	$\square$ are washed	☐ will be washed							
2) He to give a speech at the las	st party.								
$\square$ is asked	$\square$ was asked	$\square$ will be asked							
3) The tickets by our secretary	today, but later.								
$\square$ is booked	$\square$ will be booked	$\square$ will book							
4) The work soon.									
☐ isn't finished	□ wasn't finished	☐ won't be finished							
5) Films at the cinema every ho	our.								
$\square$ is shown	$\square$ are shown	$\square$ showed							
Match the expressions to the right tr	anslation								
<ol> <li>space exploration</li> <li>a spaceship</li> <li>do research into space</li> <li>a key problem</li> <li>scientific research</li> <li>space travel</li> <li>Space Day</li> <li>important achievements</li> </ol>		а) космический корабль b) исследования космоса c) ключевая проблема d) исследовать космос e) День космонавтики f) научное исследование g) важные достижения h) полет в космос							
	4) He  arrangement 5) This announce / 6) We were astonis 7) The message was  Choose the correct variant 1) I have three dogs. All / Everobeing brushed. 2) You can borrow either / each / maths at all. 4) I've got thirty people in my class, 5) I have any / no idea how I gone. Choose the correct verb form in A 1) Clothes at laundry every weed was washed 2) He to give a speech at the last is asked 3) The tickets by our secretary to is booked 4) The work soon. isn't finished 5) Films at the cinema every how is shown Match the expressions to the right trop is space exploration 2) a spaceship 3) do research into space 4) a key problem 5) scientific research 6) space travel 7) Space Day	6) We were astonished surprised to he 7) The message was brought delivered.  Choose the correct variant  1) I have three dogs. All fevery of them love going five being brushed.  2) You can borrow either each the Renault or the Research to the Researc							

10. Please give your opinion. Is a Spaceman (cosmonaut) a Real Hero? Why Yes and Why Not? (15-18 sentences)

4) He is catching a ferry.

# ОТВЕТЫ:

1. 1) She is going with her sister.

				<ul><li>5) He is going to spend one night in France.</li><li>6) He is going to visit islands.</li></ul>					
2.	<ol> <li>1) If you want to pick up the pottery, find an assistant to help you.</li> <li>2) We keep things people have lost for a maximum of two weeks.</li> <li>3) You are given some shoes if you buy a coat today.</li> <li>4) Ask a waiter which tables are available.</li> <li>5) You do not need to write your own cheque details.</li> </ol>								
3.	1) distance 2) around	3) another 4) heavy	5) ver 6) hea	-	7) interested 8) cause		9) method: 10) still	S	
4.	<ol> <li>energetic</li> <li>calculation</li> </ol>		ifferently ealthy		5) scientist 6) useless		7) intellige	nce	
<b>5</b> .	1C, 2E, 3A, 4D, 5	iΒ							
6.	1) laid 2) companion	ŕ	nswer rranged		5) announcen 6) astonished			delivered	
<b>7</b> .	1) all, neither	2) either, bo	oth	3) both,	neither	4) ea	ach 5) r	no, every	
8.	1) are washed	2) was aske	ed	3) will b	e booked	4) w	on't be finishe	ed 5)	are shown
9.	1) b 2) a 3)	d 4) c	5) f 6	) h 7) e	e 8) g				
			• 2	2016-20	17 учебнь	ій го	Д		
	1 2	2	3	4	5		6	7	8
									E 2 10
4	.9 из 10 6.5 и	10.4	из 15	7.3 из 1	0 3.2 из	4	2.9 из 6	5.5 из 10	5.2 из 10
4 1.					0 3.2 из				
4 1.	Listen to th	ne news and					2.9 из 6		-1 audio.mp3
<b>1.</b>	Listen to the 1) Mrs. Jones A. $\square$	ne news and  works in Che	choose	☑ the co				English 8-	
<b>1</b> .	Listen to the 1) Mrs. Jones A. 🗆 v	ne news and  works in Che	choose	☑ the co	orrect answe		<b>口</b>	<b>English 8-</b> ourglar	
1.	Listen to the 1) Mrs. Jones A. 🗆 v	ne news and works in Che ' flat was attacked r was tall and	<b>choose</b> ster	☑ <b>the co</b>	orrect answe dn't work bbed		<b>८.</b> □ is a b	English 8- ourglar led	
1.	Listen to the state of the stat	ne news and works in Che ' flat was attacked r was tall and thin	<b>choose</b> ster	✓ the co	orrect answe dn't work bbed hletic		C. □ is a b	English 8- ourglar led	
1.	Listen to the state of the stat	ne news and works in Che ' flat was attacked r was tall and thin ad	choose ster		orrect answe dn't work bbed hletic	er	C. : burg  C. : thick  C. : fair h	English 8- ourglar led	-1 audio.mp3
1.	Listen to the state of the stat	ne news and works in Che ' flat was attacked r was tall and thin ad a scar the burglan have arrested	ster	B. at B. at	orrect answer  dn't work  bbed  hletic  eard  e still in sear	er	C. : burg  C. : thick  C. : fair h	English 8- burglar led set hair othing to arres	-1 audio.mp3

7) Which is correct?						
<ul><li>A. □ They have tried to save the do</li><li>B. □ They have done nothing.</li></ul>	lphin. C. □ They di	C. $\square$ They didn't use surgical instruments.				
8) Mr. Bow to help the animals						
<ul><li>A. □ got into the stomachs</li><li>B. □ extended his arm</li></ul>	C. □ used s	urgical instruments				
9) The mouths were held open with the						
A. □ surgical instruments	B. □ hands	C. □ towels				
10) The dolphins are now						
A. □ quite well	B. □ still unwell	C. $\square$ feeling better				

#### Read the text and mark the sentences true or false

#### POLICE SPELL OUT GRAFFITI MANIA FEARS

A secret police report has built up a profile of the typical graffiti vandal. It seems that the average vandal is usually a male, aged 15 to 19, from poor family.

His "addictive habit" costs millions of pounds every year, according to the report by British Transport Police anti – graffiti squad. They estimate that more than 2 million is spent for cleaning trains in London alone.

The report suggests that graffiti is the work of small groups. They are motivated by the need to get attention by making some form of statement. More than a third of the vandals who are caught do it again, which suggests that graffiti is addictive.

The survey of 150 graffiti vandals arrested last year showed that 40 per cent of offenders are university students or still at school – and 99 per cent are male. Just over 17 per cent are unemployed.

The report says graffiti is dangerous – four youngsters have been killed while trying to paint trains in the Underground.

The police have been visiting schools and writing to parents to try and prevent young people becoming vandals. They are also using handwriting experts to identify the "tags" of graffiti artists. In London alone there were over 150 graffiti arrests last year, but police recognize the vandals will continue unless they are stopped, because graffiti writing is so addictive.

- 1) Most graffiti vandals are men.
- 2) The police do not use handwriting experts.
- 3) The majority of graffiti vandals are students.
- 4) It is easy for graffiti vandals to stop.
- 5) Graffiti writing can be dangerous.
- 6) Graffiti writing is against the law.
- 7) Graffiti artists act in big groups.
- 8) Graffiti is a form of statement.
- 9) There were 150 graffiti arrests last year.
- 10) Forty per cent of 150 arrested vandals are unemployed.

3.	3. Complete the sentences with the correct variant of the main verb							
	1) Usually I the violin A. □ play, am	•	B. □ am playing, play					
	2) He in the garden when Tom A. □ sat, was coming		B. □ was s	itting, came				
	3) you the article year. A. □ Haven`t		B. □ Haver	n`t, being reading				
	4) <i>I a message from I</i> A. □ have go	•	B. □ got					
	5) <i>The book wasn `t so l</i> A. □ has thou		B. □ had th	nought				
	6) <i>My mother wasn`t a</i> A. □ had con	•	B. □ came					
	7) Some smiling men A. □ were pla	•	B. □ had pl	ayed				
	8) We for about an ho A. □ were pla	our when it started to rain. Bying	B. □ had been playing					
	9) For long months she his secret. A. □ had been keeping		B. □ had kept					
	10) <i>If we the 10.30 tro</i> A. □ catch, sl	•	B. □ shall catch, arrive					
	11) We a party you A. □ shall ha	u? ve, Arecoming	B. □ are ha	B. □ are having, Will come  B. □ will come				
	12) <i>Do you know when</i> A. □ would c	-	B. □ will co					
	13) By the time we com A. □ will be g	-	B. □ will ha	B. □ will have gone				
	14) <i>They for you at 7 p.m. tomorrow</i> . A. □ will have waited B. □ will b		be waiting	e waiting				
	15) <i>James said that he</i> A. □ never ro		B. □ had never ridden					
4.	Arrange the words in	pairs of synonyms.						
	<ol> <li>realize</li> <li>wealth</li> <li>announce</li> <li>immediately</li> <li>talk</li> </ol>	6) suggest 7) lift 8) spot 9) excellent 10) memorial		<ul><li>a) fine</li><li>b) riches</li><li>c) offer</li><li>d) pick up</li><li>e) understand</li></ul>	f) at once g) declare h) chat i) monument j) place			

### 5. Choose the right variant

- 1) Maria is very  $\square$  *proud of*  $/\square$  *good at* science, so she wants to be a doctor.
- 2) You have to be  $\square$  worried about  $/\square$  interested in helping people if you want to be a firefighter.
- 3) David wasn't very  $\square$  *proud of*  $/\square$  *good at* failing his exams.
- 4) You shouldn't get  $\square$  *interested in*  $/\square$  *upset about* not getting an interview.

### 6. Fill in the blank with the prefixes or suffixes, which correspond to the words given in brackets

- a) This room is so ...! Put all your toys away! (tidy)
- b) He doesn't have a job. He's ... . (employed)
- c) I work hard but they pay me little money. That's ... . (fair)
- d) Be ... when you open the door. (care)
- e) Could your repeat that ... , please? I don't really understand it. (explain)
- f) The receptionist was very ... and explained to us everything very carefully. (help)

## 7. How much do you know about Great Britain?

### Decide whether these statements about Great Britain are true or false

- 1) If you hire a car in Great Britain you will have to drive on the left.
- 2) Queen Victoria reigned sixty-four years.
- 3) The oldest university of Great Britain is Cambridge.
- 4) Subway is the nickname of London's Underground.
- 5) The Loch Ness Monster supposed to live in Scotland.
- 6) If you go to Stratford-on-Avon you will be able to visit William's Shakespeare's birthplace.
- 7) If you travel around Wales an English/Gaelic dictionary will be useful.
- 8) You can see wax models of famous people in Buckingham Palace.
- 9) Scotland is called "land of song".
- 10) If you fly from London to Scotland you will have to show your passport at the airport.

# 8. You have just been to the lecture about Astronomy. What interesting things and facts have you heard about? (Write 10-15 sentences)

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- 1. 1) B, 2) C, 3) C, 4) C, 5) B, 6) A, 7) A, 8) A, 9) B, 10) C
- 2. 1) F, 2) F, 3) F, 4) F, 5) T, 6) T, 7) F, 8) T, 9) F, 10) F
- 3. 1) A, 2) B, 3) A, 4) B, 5) B, 6) B, 7) A, 8) B, 9) A, 10) A, 11) B, 12) B, 13) B, 14) B, 15) B
- 4. 1) e, 2) b, 3) g, 4) f, 5) h, 6) c, 7) d, 8) j, 9) a, 10) i
- 5. 1) good at 2) interested in 3) proud of 4) upset about
- 6. a) untidy b) unemployed c) unfair d) careful e) explanation f) helpful
- 7. 1) T, 2) T, 3) F, 4) F, 5) T, 6) T, 7) F, 8) F, 9) F, 10) F

# ЗАДАНИЯ МУНИЦИПАЛЬНОГО ЭТАПА (МЭ)

• 2015-2016 учебный год									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3.1 из 5	3.1 из 5	2.8 из 4	9 из 24	1.7 из 6	2.5 из 10	6.2 из 8	0.5 из 1	1.1 из 2	4 из 10

1. You will listen to 5 statements. Put the extracts you will hear according to the right order 1-5.

There is one odd extract in the task.

English. Audio. 8-2.mp3

1) The 1 <sup>st</sup> speaker →	
2) The 2 <sup>nd</sup> speaker →	A. The speaker wants some passengers to board the plane. B. The speaker tells about a walking excursion.
3) The 3 <sup>rd</sup> speaker →	C. The speaker describes the part of the museum.  D. The speaker tells about the history of some islands.
4) The 4 <sup>th</sup> speaker →	E. The speaker tells about some food. F. The speaker tells about a way of travelling.
5) The 5 <sup>th</sup> speaker →	The openior take about a may or travolling.

2. Look at the sign in each question and mark the letter next to the correct explanation – A, B, C or D

1) Saver tickets can be used on the 10.15 bus and any bus after that.
A. $\square$ The first bus you can travel on with a 'saver' ticket is the 10.15.
B. ☐ 'Saver' tickets cost extra money if you travel after 10.15.
C. $\square$ After 10.15 it is not possible to use a 'saver' ticket.
D. $\square$ The 10.15 is the only train you can travel on with a 'saver' ticket.

2) Tell the receptionist your name on arrival, then go to the surgeon's waiting room.
 A. □ Do not leave the room until the receptionist calls your name.
 B. □ The receptionist will tell you where to wait for the surgeon.

B. □ The receptionist will tell you where to wait for the surgeon.C. □ The receptionist will tell the surgeon that you have arrived.

D. 

Do not go to the waiting room before telling the receptionist you are here.

3) Open 12 a.m. Fridays to allow for staff training. Normal opening 10 a.m.

A.  $\square$  The shop assistants are trained on Fridays mornings.

B.  $\square$  The shop assistants leave early on Fridays.

C. 

There is a delivery on Fridays mornings.

D.  $\square$  There are interviews for new staff on Fridays.

4) This exit is closed today. Use exit at the other side of the building near the car park.

A.  $\square$  After today the exit out of the building will be at the other side of the building.

B.  $\square$  Cars should be parked at the other side of the building.

C.  $\square$  For today only, you should leave the building from the other side.

D.  $\square$  There are two exits which you can use today.

- 5) The coach driver takes cash only. The ticket office takes credit cards or cash.
  - A.  $\square$  You need the correct money to pay the driver.
  - B.  $\square$  You cannot pay the coach driver with a credit card.
  - C.  $\square$  The ticket office gives you change for the bus.
  - D.  $\square$  It is not possible to buy a ticket with credit card.

# 3. Read the text and write down whether the following statements are true or false

One day Mr. and Mrs. Brown went up to London to do some shopping. They had a busy day, though in the end they did not buy very much, and by about four o'clock they were both looking forward to having a cup of tea. They found a restaurant, but just before they went in, Mrs. Brown remembered that she had to buy some medicine for their son who had a bad cough.

While she was in the chemist's, her husband noticed a bookshop on the other side of the street. He went across to have a look in the window and saw a copy of a novel which he had wanted to buy for a long time. So he went in and bought the book.

After they had had their cup of tea, they caught the train back to the seaside town where they lived. When they were in their compartment they met their neighbour who noticed the book that Mr. Brown had bought. As he opened the book his eyes lit up. He asked Mr. Brown how much he had paid for the book. Mr. Brown told him: only a few shillings. The man said that he was very lucky: the book was a rare edition and was worth several pounds.

## Write down whether the following statements are true or false

- 1) The Browns bought a lot of things in London.
- 2) Mr. Brown bought his book by chance.
- 3) Mr. Brown showed his neighbour the book he had bought.
- 4) The book was worth much more than Mr. Brown had paid for it.

# 4. Complete the text with the correct forms of the verbs (plus other words!) in brackets

The moon  $^{1)}$  ... (be) a natural satellite that  $^{2)}$  ... (travel) around the earth. As the moon  $^{3)}$  ... (move), it  $^{4)}$  ... (seem, change) shape. But it  $^{5)}$  ... (not change) shape. It  $^{6)}$  ... (have) no light of its own. When we  $^{7)}$  ... (see) the moon, we  $^{8)}$  ... (see) sunlight  $^{9)}$  ... (reflect) off it. We  $^{10)}$  ... (can, see) the moon only if the  $^{11)}$  ... (light) part  $^{12)}$  ... (turn) toward Earth. During the full moon, the  $^{13)}$  ... (light) part of the moon  $^{14)}$  ... (turn) toward Earth. There  $^{15)}$  ... (be) no air on the moon. And it  $^{16)}$  ... (be) very hot in the daytime on it. It  $^{17)}$  ... (appear, have) no life. Many people  $^{18)}$  ... (want, learn) more about the moon. Long ago, people  $^{19)}$  ... (use) only their eyes  $^{20)}$  ... (look) at the moon. They  $^{21)}$  ... (not can, see) the moon's land clearly. Later, a telescope  $^{22)}$  ... (invent). Since then, people  $^{23)}$  ... (use) telescopes  $^{24)}$  ... (study) the moon.

# 5. Read the text and change the capitalised words accordingly. Mind Grammar and Lexis rules

With a frightened look our strange  $^{1)}$  ... (VISIT) ran to the door and  $^{2)}$  ... (APPEARED). At eleven o'clock we heard heavy steps upon the stairs and the  $^{3)}$  ... (FAME) millionaire entered the room. As I looked at him I understood the fear and dislike of his  $^{4)}$  ... (MANAGE). He was very tall, his face was hard and cruel, with  $^{5)}$  ... (DEPTH) lines upon it. Cold grey eyes looked at us each it turn. "Let me tell you Mr. Holmes," he began, "that money is nothing for me in this case. Name the sum." "I am not interested in money," my friend answered  $^{6)}$  ... (COLD).

6.	<ol><li>Change each sentence so that it means the same as the first. The second sentence is started for you. Write down the missing words only</li></ol>							
	<ol> <li>Tom's hobby is tennis.</li> <li>They are building a new bridge.</li> <li>Air Travel is faster than any other kind of travel.</li> <li>If you are a student you can always get special reduction.</li> <li>There is great danger in driving too fast.</li> <li>It's a pity that I don't know him.</li> <li>May we leave our bikes here?</li> <li>Jane asked, "Where is the ball?"</li> <li>It's not necessary to pay if you're a student.</li> <li>My bedroom is above the sitting room.</li> </ol>	m is new bridge Travel is the less you are a student iving too fast is ish we we ne asked u sitting room						
7.	Complete the sentences with the correct words							
	0) Have you ever heard the fairy A about the cat	with no B ?	A) tale	B) tail				
	1) The boat sailed through the	A) straight	B) strait					
	2) The Indians wrote the treaty on a of ba	A) piece	B) peace					
	3) The on a is called fur.	A) hare	B) hair					
	4) The sky was clear but the wind from t	A) blue	B) blew					
	5) After his illness John felt for a	A) week	B) weak					
	6) The spent the in the castle.		A) knight	B) night				
	7) Didn't you Peter ask you to put the plate	?	A) here	B) hear				
	8) He announced which of the boys the g	ame.	A) won	B) one				
8.	Find the unnecessary word $oximes$							
	<ul><li>☐ satellite</li><li>☐ declaration</li><li>☐ the Moon</li><li>☐ atmosphere</li></ul>	□ sky □ the Universe	□ intergala □ ocean	actic				
9.	Choose the right word for the description							
	a) is a large, round object that goes round star.							
	☐ A planet ☐ A star	☐ A satellite	☐ A distan	ce				
	b) is a rocket or the other vehicle that can travel in	·						
4.5	☐ The Solar System ☐ The Moon	☐ Space	☐ A space:	ship				
10.	Continue the following. Use about 15 sentences							
	I can make my planet a better place							

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

- **1.** 1) D
- 2) B
- 3) C
- 4) F
- 5) A

- 2. 1) A
- 2) D
- 3) A
- 4) C
- 5) B

- 3. 1) False
- 2) True
- 3) True
- 4) True

1) is

- 7) see
- 13) lightest
- 19) used

- 2) travels
- 8) see
- 14) turns
- 20) to look

- 3) is moving
- 9) reflecting
- 15) is

21) couldn't see 22) was invented

- 4) seems to change 5) doesn't change
- 10) can see 11) lightest
- 16) is 17) appears to have
- 23) have been using (have used)

5) deep

- 6) has
- 12) turns
- 18) want to learn
- 24) to study

- 1) visitor(s) 5.
- 2) disappeared
- 3) most famous
- 4) manager
- 6) coldly

- 1) keen on tennis
  - 2) is being built
  - 3) fastest
  - 4) you can't get special reduced prices
  - 5) dangerous

- 6) I knew him
- 7) allowed to leave your bikes here
- 8) where the ball was
- 9) should not pay if you are a student
- 10) is below the bedroom

- 7. 1) A, B 2) B, A
- b) A spaceship

3) B, A

5) B, A 6) A, B 7) B, A 8) B, A

- Declaration
- 9. a) A satellite

4) A, B

<ul> <li>2016-2017 учебный год</li> </ul>									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
2.9 из 6	3.1 из 5	5.3 из 11	2.1 из 6	3.5 из 5	1.8 из 5	2.1 из 5	4.7 из 10		

- You will hear a man called Frank, talking on the radio about looking for ships that sunk at sea long ago. Choose the right variant (A-C) English 8-2 audio.mp3
  - 1) The first old ship which Frank found was...
    - A) covered by rocks.
- B) older than he first thought.
- C) easy to find.

- 2) Frank finds ships quickly because he ...
- A) reads history books. B) is a professional diver. C) uses the latest equipment.
- 3) What does Frank say about the ship called The Seabird?
  - A) It was built in 1859
- B) It sank is a storm
- C) It was badly made

- 4) Frank says his wedding ring...
  - A) was made from gold he found himself. B) is worth 88.000 pounds. C) was found by a friend.

- 5) Frank's wife believes he should ...
  - A) stop diving.

- B) give things to the museums.
- C) sell some of his collection.

- 6) How did Frank learn to dive?
  - A) By joining a diving club.
- B) By going on a diving holiday.
- C) By teaching himself.

# 2. Read the text and questions below. For each question, mark the correct letter A, B, C or D

#### **GARETH ELLIS**

Gareth Ellis, 13, is the youngest son of Alan, an engineer, and Kath, a nursery teacher. His older brothers work in banking and computers, but Gareth's dream was always to become a clown. Three years ago, Alan, Kath and Gareth joined the circus. "People laugh when we tell them", says Kath. "But it's true. Gareth has wanted to be a clown since we took him to the circus when he was three."

When Alan lost his job, he and Kath decided to see if they could find full-time circus jobs. They both got jobs with a famous circus and Gareth began training to become a clown. He calls himself Bippo. They travel with the circus during the summer and return home for the winter. Gareth's brothers are old enough to look after the house while they are away.

"I can't say it was easy", says Kath. "There was a lot to think about and organize. We only had a car and a very small caravan to sleep in, and we were leaving behind out lovely house. The only thing Gareth missed was his long, hot baths."

"People ask about my education", says Gareth, "but from the beginning, wherever we go, someone has always come to teach me. I follow the same books as everyone back at school and I've got a computer. I've never fallen behind my classmates."

And the future? "It was a difficult decision", says Kath. "But there was no other way to teach Gareth about being a clown. I'm happy to say it's working and we're enjoying it". And Gareth? "I'm going to be the main clown in a circus one day", he says, "perhaps Bippo's circus".

- 1) What is the writer trying to do in the text?
  - A) Describe how one family changes their lives
- C) Talk about the best way to educate a child.
- B) Give details about how to join the circus.
- D) Advise what to do when you lose job.
- 2) What would a reader learn about Gareth from the text?
  - A) He does not enjoy school work.
- C) He would like to be at home with his brothers.

B) He has a definite aim in life.

- D) He wants to be the same as other boys.
- 3) Alan and Kath joined the circus because
  - A) they wanted to spend time travelling in the summer.
  - B) they needed money in order to buy a bigger car.
  - C) their older sons needed their house for themselves.
  - D) their youngest son wanted to train as a performer.
- 4) When they first joined the circus, Kath...
  - A) wanted to go back home.

C) found things difficult.

B) did not have enough to do.

- D) was not able to sleep properly.
- 5) Which letter did Gareth write just after he joined the circus?
  - A) We've just arrived and I love it already. There's lots of space for our things and I've even got my own computer.
  - B) I don't miss much from home; I'm managing to do all my school work. See you in the winter.
  - C) I really enjoyed meeting Bippo the clown today, but I'm missing my school friends, and I'd love a nice hot bath.
  - D) I'm learning all about the circus and how to entertain people. I also have a new school to go to.

### 3. Read the text below and choose the correct word (a, b, c or d) for each space (1-11)

#### THE HISTORY OF SHOES

In the past, importance(1) not given to shoes being comfortable or fashionable. These early foo
coverings were probably animals skins,(2) people tied round their ankles during cold(3) We stil
use leather today, but(4) materials such as silk, plastic, or cotton are also popular,(5) on what is in
fashion. It was only one hundred and fifty years ago(6) that people began to wear a different shoe or
each foot. Formerly, two shoes had been straight instead of shaped and(7) be worn on the left or or
the right foot. All shoes used to be made by hand, but now,(8) there are shoemakers still using their
(9) skills, most shoes are machine-made in large factories. The introduction of sewing machines
(10) the shoe industry to produce large(11) of cheaper shoes for a wide range of buyers.

a)	□ was	b)	□is	c)	$\square$ has	d)	$\square$ had
a)	□ who	b)	□ why	c)	☐ which	d)	$\square$ where
a)	$\square$ weather	b)	$\square$ climate	c)	$\square$ temperatures	d)	$\square$ condition
a)	$\square$ either	b)	$\square$ both	c)	$\square$ another	d)	$\square$ other
a)	☐ tuning	b)	☐ depending	c)	□ resting	d)	□ taking
a)	$\square$ before	b)	□ beyond	c)	☐ ago	d)	$\square$ after
a)	☐ must	b)	□ could	c)	$\square$ ought	d)	$\square$ might
a)	$\square$ although	b)	□ if	c)	$\square$ unless	d)	$\square$ since
a)	☐ typical	b)	$\square$ usual	c)	$\square$ model	d)	$\square$ traditional
a)	$\square$ let	b)	$\square$ allowed	c)	$\square$ gave	d)	☐ got
a)	$\square$ quantities	b)	$\square$ totals	c)	☐ sums	d)	☐ sizes
	a)	a)	a)	a)	a) who b) why c) a) weather b) climate c) a) either b) both c) a) tuning b) depending c) a) before b) beyond c) a) must b) could c) a) although b) if c) a) typical b) usual c) a) let b) allowed c)	a) who b) why c) which a) weather b) climate c) temperatures a) either b) both c) another a) tuning b) depending c) resting a) before b) beyond c) ago a) must b) could c) ought a) although b) if c) usual b) usual c) model a) let b) allowed c) gave	a) who b) why c) which d) a) weather b) climate c) temperatures d) a) either b) both c) another d) a) tuning b) depending c) resting d) a) before b) beyond c) ago d) a) must b) could c) ought d) a) although b) if c) usual c) model d) a) let b) allowed c) gave d)

# 4. Use the right form of the words given in the brackets

Jupiter's Moon was a discovery made possible by an ... (INVENT) a telescope. Galileo saw his first telescope in late 1608 and instantly recognized that a more ... (POWER) telescope could be the answer to the prayers of every astronomer. In 1609 Galileo's telescope was the first ... (PRACTICE) telescope for scientific use. Galileo first turned his telescope on the moon. There he ... (CLEAR) saw mountains and valleys. The moon that Galileo saw was radically different from the perfectly smooth sphere that Aristotle and Ptolemy said it was. Galileo next aimed his telescope at Jupiter, the biggest planet, planning to ... (CARE) chart motion over several months. To his ... (AMAZE), he found moons circling the giant planet.

# 5. Read the text below and fill in the gaps with linking words or phrases from the text

	۸ \ بـ ـ بــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	D/ : t +	C) according to	D) for everable	E) cortainly
	A) particular	K) in fact		D) for example	F) Certainiv
	n) particular	D) III Iact	c) according to	D) for charripte	L/ CCI tallity
1	* •	•			•

When you come across a new word in a text, <sup>1)</sup> ... "genuine", you might want to look up its meaning in the dictionary. It's important to look through all the definitions in an entry, and choose the correct one <sup>2)</sup> ... the context of the sentence. "Genuine" is a difficult word to pronounce, so it is worth looking at the phonetic symbols, and pay attention to the way the word is stressed. <sup>3)</sup> ... , the stress falls on the first syllable. If you are confronted with an idiom or an expression such as "in one's blue mood", you should check the meaning, and then look at the style of the expression: is it formal or informal? This <sup>4)</sup> ... phrase isn't rude, but you <sup>5)</sup> ... wouldn't like to offend anyone, so it's always a good idea to check.

6.				-5 match the formal words (A-G) tra meanings you do not have to u					ess for	mal wor	ds with th	e same r	neaning	9
				2) une		dly		B) C) D) E) F)	get sort of begin out of t refuse revise gain	he blue				
7.	Choos	se the	right aı	nswer (	A, B, C	or D)								
	-		ase in th ay of life	_	al avera	ge tem <sub>l</sub>	peratur	e 2 de	egrees	C would h	nave catasi	trophic co	onseque	nces
		A)	□ belo	W	B)	□ abo	ve	C)	□ over	-	D) □ b	eneath		
	2) <i>Ra</i>	in and	snowfa	ll begin	the g	rowth d	of tiny ic	y crysto	als in cl	ouds.				
	3) <i>La</i> i	-	□ fron es defin		•	□ at ld all di	sappeai	,	□ witl changir	h ng climate	D) □ in e.	1		
		A)	$\square$ for		B)	□ beca	ause	C)	□ beca	ause of	D) □ th	nat's why		
	4) <i>Is</i> (	a toy a	substitu	ıte for	. attent	ion?								
		A)	□ pare	ent's	B)	□ pare	ents'	C)	□ the	parent's	D) □ th	ne parents	s'	
	5)	is the o	ne who	knows	what is	enoug	h.							
		A)	□ rich	er	B)	□ the	richer	C)	□ rich	est	D) □ th	ne richest		
8.	-			-			_		-	sule whice essage?	h will be t	taken to	Mars o	n the
	Pleas	e write	an essa	ay (use	15-17 s	entenc	es)							
OT	ВЕТЫ:													
1.	1) C	2) C	3) B	4) A	5) C	6) A								
2.	1) A	2) B	3) D	4) C	5) B									
3.	1) A	2) C	3) A	4) D	5) B	6) C	7) B	8) A	9) D	10) B	11) A			
4.		ention verful ctical		5	) clearly ) carefu ) amaze	illy								
5.	1) D	2) C	3) B	4) A	5) E									
5.	1) C	2) D	3) E	4) B	5) A									
7.	1) B	2) C	3) C	4) B	5) D									

# ЗАДАНИЯ РЕСПУБЛИКАНСКОГО ЭТАПА (РЭ)

	<ul> <li>• 2015-2016 учебный год</li> </ul>									
1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11								11	
2.7 из 5	6.7 из 8	5 из 10	14 из 24	3.6 из 10	0.8 из 1	0.8 из 1	1.6 из 3	0.7 из 1	2.2 из 4	6.7 из 10

1. You will hear five different employees talking about what makes a good boss. For questions 1-5 choose which of the opinions (A-F) each speaker expresses. Use the letters once. There is only one letter which you do not need to use.

A GOOD BOSS SHOULD...

Speaker 1	A) allow staff to take decisions.
Speaker 2	 B) encourage staff to work in teams.
Speakers 3	<ul><li>C) listen to complaints from staff.</li><li>D) give information on individual progress.</li></ul>
Speaker 4	 E) have good qualifications.
Speaker 5	 F) set an example of hard work

2. Read the text and choose the right option to complete the sentences

CAN WE REFREEZE THE ARCTIC?

The scientists certainly think so.

Thanks to global warming, the ice in the Arctic Ocean is today about half of what it was in the 1980's. And the situation can only get worse. Governments can't agree about how to solve the problem. There is one scientist who is ready with a radical solution — to use modern technology to repair the damage.

Harvard University's professor David Keith has published two papers on the subject. His idea is to inject reflective particles (ввести отражающие частицы) into areas close to the Arctic ice caps, so that less of the sun's heat would be absorbed. So temperatures will be lower and it will help some of the Arctic water to refreeze. The best part is, it could all be done without cutting back greenhouse gases created by people.

Why aren't governments all over the world working to give this new idea a try? Because this kind of open air experiments has never happened before. Nobody knows what the side effects will be. It could all work out fine or lead to something totally disastrous like collapsing (разрушение) the remaining ice shells or worse, cause a massive drought (засуха). The United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity has a permanent ban (запрет) on any human attempt to try to change nature.

Even Professor Keith agrees with that. That is why he is just presenting the idea in his research papers. Hopefully, we will be able to avoid these kinds of experimental solutions and stop global warming if we simply change the way we lead our day-to-day lives.

- 1) These ice in the Arctic Ocean is today  $\dots$ 
  - A) The same it was in the 1980's
  - B) Twice bigger than it was in the 1980's
  - C) Twice smaller than it was in the 1980's

- 2) The situation can ....
  - A) Become clear
  - B) Become more problematic
  - C) Change for the better
- 3) Government can't ... how to solve the problem.
  - A) Come to an agreement
  - B) Find out
  - C) Find money to investigate
- 4) American Professor David Keith proposed the method of ... sea ice in the Arctic Ocean.
  - A) Breaking
- B) Reconstructing
- C) Melting
- 5) Keith's idea is that the Arctic water will refreeze if ....
  - A) People stop producing greenhouse effect
  - B) People stop research of the Arctic Ice Caps
  - C) The sun's heat is not so strong
- 6) The governments of different countries don't start realizing Keith's idea because ....
  - A) It can result in some unexpected dangerous effects
  - B) It is very expensive
  - C) It is out of date
- 7) United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity ... all human attempts to try to change nature.
  - A) Organizes
- B) Approves of
- C) Forbids
- 8) We can change the situation of global warming if we ....
  - A) Carry out more experiments on the subject
  - B) Be more responsible to our environment in our everyday life
  - C) Invest more money to environmental projects

# 3. Complete the sentences with the correct words derived from the words in brackets

Astronauts have to be physically and mentally ready for the stress and strain of a space mission. To prepare them, astronauts are given  $^{1)}$  ... (*intense*) training, which includes years of classroom study on  $^{2)}$  ... (*vary*) technical subjects, and working in a model spaceship where they can practice  $^{3)}$  ... (*complicate*) flight operations and become used to all the  $^{4)}$  ... (*equip*) on board.

Apart from high  $^{5)}$  ... (*intelligent*), good qualifications and an excellent level of fitness, astronauts must have a strong character. They also have to be very  $^{6)}$  ... (*courage*) in order to accept the high risks involved.

Astronauts also have to face other, more ordinary problems in space. What can be very  $^{7)}$  ... (annoy) is the limited variety of food, but the greatest challenge is getting along with other members of their team as they often come from different countries, with different backgrounds and habits. Therefore they must be very  $^{8)}$  ... (patience) with each other, since the lack of privacy can become  $^{9)}$  ... (irritate).

All in all, it seems that being an astronaut is one of the most 10 ... (challenge) jobs in the world.

#### 4. Complete the text with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets

The moon <sup>1)</sup> ... (*be*) a natural satellite that <sup>2)</sup> ... (*travel*) around the Earth. As the moon <sup>3)</sup> ... (*move*), it <sup>4)</sup> ... (*seem, change*) shape. But it <sup>5)</sup> ... (*not change*) shape. It <sup>6)</sup> ... (*have*) no light of its own. When we <sup>7)</sup> ... (*see*) the moon, we <sup>8)</sup> ... (*see*) sunlight <sup>9)</sup> ... (*reflect*) off it. We <sup>10)</sup> ... (*can, see*) the moon only if the <sup>11)</sup> ... (*light*) part <sup>12)</sup> ... (*turn*) towards Earth. During the full moon, the <sup>13)</sup> ... (light) part of the moon <sup>14)</sup> ... (*turn*) towards Earth. There <sup>15)</sup> ... (*be*) no air on the moon. And it <sup>16)</sup> ... (*be*) very hot in the daytime on it. It <sup>17)</sup> ... (*appear, have*) no life. Many people <sup>18)</sup> ... (*want, learn*) more about the moon. Long ago, people <sup>19)</sup> ... (*use*) only their eyes <sup>20)</sup> ... (*look*) at the moon. They <sup>21)</sup> ... (*not can, see*) the moon's land clearly. Later a telescope <sup>22)</sup> ... (*invent*). Since then, people <sup>23)</sup> ... (use) telescopes <sup>24)</sup> ... (study) the moon.

#### 5. Complete the sentences with nouns derived from the adjectives in brackets

1) What's the of that mountain?	(HIGH)
2) Don't say anything that may wound his	(PROUD)
3) He did it in a moment of	(ANGRY)
4) Nobody knew how Dr. Faust had acquired his great	(WEALTHY)
5) The terrorists were sure that they would get onto the plane with	(EASY)
6) The idea of going through the cemetery alone filled her with	(TERRIBLE)
7) I don't know how to express my for your help.	(GRATEFUL)
8) was on his side again. The jury couldn't prove his	(LUCKY, GUILTY)
9) His as a poet did not come until after his	(FAMOUS, DEAD)
10) The soon became unbearable. We were dying of	(HOT, THIRSTY)

#### 6. Choose the right word for the description

...is a large, round object that goes round a star.

A planet A star A satellite A distance

Choose the right sentence

Galaxy is like a huge disc.

The Galaxy is like a huge disc.

A Galaxy is like a huge disc.

# 3. Make the sentences using the following words

1) Group / called / the / Galaxy / star / is / the ...
2) The / moves / Sun / round / Earth / the ...
3) Leads / Russia / of / in / areas / many / researches / space ...

# 9. Find the unnecessary word

 1) The Galaxy
 5) Advantage
 1) ... sea

 2) Telescope
 6) Star
 2) ... space

 3) Space
 7) Distance
 3) ... country

 4) Pole
 8) Atmosphere
 4) ... Sun

# 11. Please answer the question-write a short essay. Use 15-18 sentences

What would you do to make the life on the planet Earth better? Is it possible?

10. Put in the if it is necessary

#### ОТВЕТЫ:

4	4 -	• •		, 5	
1.	1-E	2-A	3-D	4-B	5-F

3.	1) intensive	3) complicated	5) intelligence	7) annoying	9) irritating
	2) various	4) equipment	6) courageous	8) patient	10) challenging

6) has	12) is	turned	18) w	/anted	24) to study
1) height	3) anger	5) easiness	(ease)	7) gratitude	9) fame, death

- 1) height 3) anger 5) easiness (ease) 7) gratitude 9) fame, death 2) pride 4) wealth 6) terror 8) luck, guilt 10) heat, thirst
- 6. A planet

5.

- 7. The Galaxy is like a huge disc
- 8. 1) The star group is called the Galaxy.3) Russia leads in many areas of space researchers.2) The Earth moves round the Sun.
- 9. Advantage
- **10.** 1) the 2) 3 the 4) the

<ul> <li>• 2016–2017 учебный год</li> </ul>									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
4.1 из 6	3.4 из 5	7.2 из 11	5.8 из 15	8.7 из 20	9.5 из 21	2.7 из 5	6 из 10		

I. You will hear a man called Paul Hart talking about his trip to Africa with a team of scientists.

For each question, find the correct answer

1)	Why di	id Paul	choose	the	nart	of $A$	frica	he	visited?	
Ι/	vviiy ui	u i uui	CHOOSE	uic	puit	uj n	jiicu .	110	visiteu:	

A. □ It is good for walking B. □ It will soon change C. □ He had been there before

English 8-3 audio.mp3

2) What made the team's journey slow?

2) What made the team's journey slow?A. □ clearing paths through the forestC. □ carrying heavy equipment

B. 

finding somewhere safe to camp

3) What did Paul worry about during the trip?

A.  $\square$  the number of dangerous animals C.  $\square$  being responsible for a team of people B.  $\square$  getting the information he needed

4) Paul says that the team did not have enough food because

A.  $\square$  some people ate more than they should. C.  $\square$  some of the food went bad too quickly.

B.  $\square$  the walk took longer than expected.

# Сборник заданий Республиканской олимпиады школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина 5) Why were the team grateful to a fisherman they met? C. He told which direction to take. A. $\square$ He let everyone rest on his boat. B. $\square$ He helped one of them who was ill. 6) How does Paul feel now he is back home? A. $\square$ He is planning to do another trip. C. $\square$ He thinks the trip was a valuable experience. B. $\square$ He misses the people in the team. Read the text and questions below. For each question, choose the right letter A, B, C or D LITTLE CHEFS For one group of children aged between ten and fifteen, Saturdays are spent learning the art of serious cooking. Their weekly lessons in small classes are so popular that there is a waiting list of 30 children who want to do the course. Parents pay 280 pounds for the course where their children can have fun and learn how to make good food. Class member Bill, aged ten, says, "I love my mom's cooking and now I can do it better than her. The teachers make us laugh, especially when we sit down with them to share the food we've made." Flora is twelve, and she's having problems preparing onions. "I love cooking. I did a meal for ten friends which they really enjoyed. Then my mum suggested I take up a hobby, instead of doing nothing at weekends. I was happy staying at home, so I wasn't too keen at first. I'm really glad I decided to come, though." Their teacher, Philippe, says, "It's great fun. Children pay attention and remember things better than adults, although the kitchen isn't always as tidy when they're cooking! As adults, we're always learning more about food. If parents interest their children in cooking while they are young, they'll have enough skills to make food for themselves when they leave home." 1) What is the writer trying to do in the text? A. $\square$ warn parents not to expect too much from their children B. $\square$ advertise schools that teach people how to cook C. $\square$ describe how some children spend their spare time D. $\square$ explain why parents want to learn more about cooking 2) What can a reader find out from this text? $C. \square$ how much one lesson costs A. $\square$ which dishes students prefer to cook on the course B. $\square$ why the classes are so successful D. $\square$ when the next classes begin 3) Why did Flora join the course? A. □ Her friends persuaded her to do it $C. \square$ She felt bored at weekends, with nothing to do B. $\square$ She wanted to learn to cook a big meal D. $\square$ Her mother wanted her to develop an interest 4) What does Philippe say about his young students? A. $\square$ They will be confident about cooking in the future

B.  $\square$  They have a good memory but don't always listen

D.  $\square$  They teach their parents what they have learnt in class

C.  $\square$  They keep the kitchen cleaner than adults do

# Сборник заданий Республиканской олимпиады школьников на Кубок имени Ю.А. Гагарина 5) What would one of the Philippe's students say to a friend? A. □ "We made onion soup yesterday. The course is great, although there are 30 people in my class." B. □ "I go every Saturday, and now I can cook as well as my mum. I'm ten and I'm the oldest."

Η.	we made official soup yesterday. The codise is great, attribught there are so people in my class.
В.	$\square$ "I go every Saturday, and now I can cook as well as my mum. I'm ten and I'm the oldest."
C.	☐ "It's great. No one's over 15 and the food looks delicious. I just wish we could eat it together
	instead of taking it home."
D.	☐ "I was on a waiting list for ages, but now I'm on the course. Last week I cut up some onions — it
	was hard!"

# 3. Read the text and choose the correct word for each space (A, B, C or D)

#### SAN FRANCISCO

San Francisco lies <sup>(1)</sup> ... the coast of northern California. The earliest Europeans to discover the <sup>(2)</sup> ... were led by Spanish explorer <sup>(3)</sup> ... name was Gaspar de Portola.

He first saw it in 1769. Surprisingly, <sup>(4)</sup> ... San Francisco Bay is a wonderful natural harbor, it was discovered by land <sup>(5)</sup> ... than by sea.

In 1849 people  $^{(6)}$  ... in San Francisco in their thousands  $^{(7)}$  ... to find gold. However, it was not the men looking for the gold that got rich. The richest people  $^{(8)}$  ... their money from owning banks and law firms and they built themselves large houses on one of the hills. This was  $^{(9)}$  ... as Nob Hill.

Nowadays, tourists are <sup>(10)</sup> ... to San Francisco because there they can see famous places like Chinatown and the Golden Gate Bridge. Many even <sup>(11)</sup> ...the short boat trip to the island of Alcatraz to see the famous prison.

1)	A. $\square$ on	B. □ in	C. □ at	D. □ to
2)	A. □ area	B. □ part	C. □ space	D. $\square$ position
3)	A. $\square$ who	B. □ whose	C. $\square$ what	D.   which
4)	A. □ if	B. □ unless	C. $\square$ although	D. □ despite
5)	A. □ except	B. $\square$ instead	C. $\square$ apart	D. $\square$ rather
6)	A. $\square$ reached	B. □ arrived	C. $\square$ entered	D. $\square$ approached
7)	A. $\square$ wondering	B. ☐ hoping	C. $\square$ considering	D. $\square$ depending
8)	A. □ did	B. $\square$ became	C. $\square$ made	D.   brought
9)	A. □ told	B. $\square$ called	C. □ named	D. $\square$ known
10)	A. $\square$ interested	B. □ attracted	C. □ pleased	D. $\square$ excited
11)	A. □ take	B. □ spend	C. 🗆 go	D. □ travel

# 4. Use the word in brackets in the right form

Computers are reshaping children's lives, at home and at school, in totally <sup>(1)</sup> ... (*expectation*) way. Common sense <sup>(2)</sup> ... (*suggestion*) that we consider both the <sup>(3)</sup> ... (*harm*), as well as the <sup>(4)</sup> ... (*benefit*) aspects of these changes. Computers can <sup>(5)</sup> ... (*serious*) damage children's health. The health hazards <sup>(6)</sup> ... (*inclusion*) obesity, <sup>(7)</sup> ... (*repetition*) stress injuries, eyestrain, social <sup>(8)</sup> ... (*isolate*), and, for some, long-term damage to <sup>(9)</sup> ... (*physics*), <sup>(10)</sup> ... (*emotion*), or <sup>(11)</sup> ... (*intellect*) development. What is <sup>(12)</sup> ... (*suit*) for adults and older students is often inappropriate for youngsters. Too often, what computers <sup>(13)</sup> ... (*act*) connect children to aggressive <sup>(14)</sup> ... (*advertise*) and silly games. This can cut children off from the world of <sup>(15)</sup> ... (*real*).

# 5. Choose out of the words given before the text the best one to fit each gap. There are 5 extra words which you do not need to use

although	do	in	of	used
as	for	like	possible	well
at	from	nearest	some	were
because	next	still	their	what
by	however	them	then	when

#### WEATHER MYTHS

There are many myths and superstitions connected with the weather. In the past (1) ... to think that storm clouds were the transport of the gods and the gods showed (2) ... anger in thunder and lightning. Elements of nature and the weather such as  $^{(3)}$  ... the sun or winds were thought to be gods and  $^{(4)}$  ... given names. People prayed to these gods to give (5) ... the weather they needed for farming or for safe journeys. Even today many people (6) ...pay some attention to the myths concerning the weather. Fishing-boats (7) ... instance, are often still painted with an eye to watch for the sea gods and to warn (8) ... likely storms. If they are outside in an electric storm many people try to find a stinging nettle (9) ... of the ancient belief that a nettle gives you protection  $^{(10)}$  ... lightning Farmers and fishermen are always particularly anxious to know what the weather will be  $^{(11)}$  ... They have found many signs in nature which, they believe, predict  $^{(12)}$  ... the weather is going to do next. It is, thus, said that cows lie down before it rains and that (13) ... swallows fly high the weather is going to be good. There does not, (14) ... , seem to be any scientific basis for the idea that animals and birds can predict the weather  $^{(15)}$  ... such ways. Nor is it  $^{(16)}$  ... to make realistic long-term predictions about the weather by observing  $^{(17)}$  ... aspect of nature though people in Britain often say that when there are lots of berries on trees and bushes in autumn, the winter is going to be a hard one or that if it rains on the 15th of July, <sup>(18)</sup> ... it will rain each day for the next forty days. <sup>(19)</sup> ... looking at the clouds can help people to make realistic predictions about what the weather is going to do in the (20) ... few hours, modern scientific techniques are the only reasonably reliable way of predicting the weather over a period of several days.

# 6. Read the text and use the verbs in the right tenses

When I  $^{(1)}$  ... (*prepare*) for the voyage to Mars I  $^{(2)}$  ... (*know*) it  $^{(3)}$  ... (*be*) long and difficult. However, I  $^{(4)}$  ... (*not realize*) at that time that food  $^{(5)}$  ... (*be*) the most serious problem. When the spaceship  $^{(6)}$  ... (*be*) launched, I  $^{(7)}$  ... (*arrange*) for my favorite snacks to be smuggled on board so I  $^{(8)}$  ... (*be*) certain I  $^{(9)}$  ... (*have*) a nice first meal in space. But it  $^{(10)}$  ... (*turn out*) that someone  $^{(11)}$  ... (*apparently/forget*) to do it and that I  $^{(12)}$  ... (*have*) to leave on tubes of tasteless paste for the next week. But the day I  $^{(13)}$  ... (*land*) on Mars was my lucky one. I  $^{(14)}$  ... (*approach*) the surface of the planet when a meteor  $^{(15)}$  ... (*hit*) the ship. Right after that one of those little doors I  $^{(16)}$  ... (*never/open*) fell off and heaps of chips and Mars bars  $^{(17)}$  ... (*land*) on the floor. I was so busy eating that I  $^{(18)}$  ... (*not manage*) to land on Mars in the end. When I  $^{(19)}$  ... (*come*) back to Earth I told them that I  $^{(20)}$  ... (*have*) some trouble with the engine I  $^{(21)}$  ... (*not make*) the landing. But you know the truth now.

#### 7. Quiz

1) The Lightning of Christmas Tree Ceremony takes place	
A. □ in front of Buckingham Palace	C. □ in Trafalgar Square
B. □ in St. James's Park	D. □ at the Tower of Londor

	Сборни	к задан	іий Респ	убликан	іской ол	іимпиад	ды школ	ірников	на Кубо	к имени	Ю.А. І агарина	à
	2) The Globe Theatre is associated with the name of											
					A. □ John Milton B. □ William Shakespeare				C. □ Queen Elizabeth I D. □ Geoffrey Chaucer.			
	3) The M	1ayflowe	er is									
					<ul><li>A. □ a historic ship</li><li>B. □ an Indian rebel</li></ul>				raditional iterary pri	Indian feast ze		
	4) One of the newest tourist attractions in London is											
					cess of Wales, Memorial Playground — the observation wheel				C. ☐ The Sherlock Holmes Museum D. ☐ Madam Tussaud's Museum			
	5) The second oldest university in the UK is in											
	A. $\square$ Cambridge			В. 🗆	B.   London		C. □ Liverpool		D.   Oxford			
8.		-			•		•	•	e <b>ate a ne</b> -15 sente		on another plo	anet.
OTE	ВЕТЫ:											
1.	1) B	2) A	3) C	4) A	5) B	6) C						
2.	1) C	2) B	3) D	4) A	5) D							
3.	1) A	2) A	3) B	4) C	5) D	6) B	7) B	8) C	9) D	10) B	11) A	
4.	1) unexpected; 2) suggests; 3) harmful; 4) beneficial; 5) seriously; 6) include; 7) repetitive; 8) isolation; 9) physical; 10) emotional; 11) intellectual; 12) suitable; 13) actually; 14) advertising; 15) reality											
<b>5</b> .	1) used; 2) their; 3) as; 4) were; 5) them; 6) still; 7) for; 8) of; 9) because; 10) from; 11) like; 12) what; 13) when; 14) however; 15) in; 16) possible; 17) some; 18) then; 19) although; 20) next											
6.	1) was preparing; 2) knew; 3) would be/was going to be; 4) didn't realize; 5) would be/was going to be; 6) was; 7) had arranged; 8) was; 9) would have; 10) turned out; 11) had apparently forgotten; 12) would have to/had to; 13) was(going) to land/ was about to land; 14) was approaching; 15) hit; 16) had never opened/ never opened; 17) landed; 18) didn't manage; 19) came; 20) had had; 21) hadn't made											
<b>7</b> .	1) D	2) C	3) C	4) B	5) B	6) C	7) A	8) B	9) D	10) A		

